Financial Statements Together with Report of Independent Public Accountants

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016





JUNE 30, 2016

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

The Commissioners of the Town of Bel Air, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Bel Air, Maryland (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Town's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund and special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress and contributions – OPEB, schedule of change in pension fund net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of civilian employees pension plan employer contributions, and schedule of sworn officers pension plan employer contributions as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The schedule of cash and cash equivalents - general fund and the schedules of revenues and expenditures - budget and actual as listed in the accompanying table of contents (collectively, the supplemental information) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Hunt Valley, Maryland February 24, 2017

S& + Company, Ifc

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

As management of the Town of Bel Air, Maryland ("the Town"), we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to use this information in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Government-wide:

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Town exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of June 30, 2016, by \$14,696,728 (net position). Approximately 24.4% of this amount is attributable to the business-type activities. Of the total net position, \$879,946. (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the Town's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Unrestricted net position in the business-type activities is a positive \$1,207,406, while the governmental activities show (\$327,460) due to the recording of the net pension liability. Of the remaining total net position, \$1,628,757 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position), and \$12,188,025 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt.
- The Town's overall financial position has improved with total net position increasing by \$1,068,085 during the fiscal year. Net position for governmental and business-type activities increased \$1,013,197 and \$54,888, respectively.
- The Town has recorded a net pension liability of \$4,729,693 and related deferred outflows of \$977,482 and deferred inflows of \$138,438 in the Statement of Net Position. This resulted in an increase of \$1,057,912 in net position from 2015.

Fund Level:

- As of June 30, 2016, the Town's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$5,654,728, a decrease of \$158,537 in comparison with the prior year. Of this total amount, \$5,629,408 or 99.6% is available to meet the Town's current and future needs as mandated by the appropriate level of authority within the Town and are properly designated as committed, assigned, and unassigned.
- As of June 30, 2016, the assigned and unassigned fund balance for the General Fund (primary operating fund) was \$4,118,735 or 32.3% of total General Fund expenditures.
- In fiscal year 2016, the Town transferred \$63,864 to the General Fund Capital Reserve account and \$33,864 to the General Fund Leave Payout Reserve account.
- As of June 30, 2016, the Town's business-type operating activities reported net position of \$3,592,346, an increase of \$54,888 in comparison with the prior year. Of the total amount, \$1,207,406 is unrestricted.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

Long-Term Debt:

The Town's long-term debt increased \$420,323 or 5.41% during the current fiscal year. The increase was the net result of making \$492,848 in scheduled payments, \$167,597 in an early payoff, a \$22,856 increase in compensated absences/OPEB, and a \$1,057,912 increase in net pension liability. On August 7, 2015, the Town paid off the G.O. Bond 2008A BAHS Auditorium debt in the amount of \$167,597 without any prepayment penalty. It was originally anticipated to utilize the unassigned fund balance to make the payment; however, that was not necessary as there were savings in other general fund expenditure accounts to cover the cost.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Town's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary and non-required supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Town's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the Town's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements mentioned above distinguish functions of the Town that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Town include general government, public safety, public works, recreation and culture, miscellaneous, and debt service. The business-type activities of the Town include Parking and Sewer operations. The government-wide financial statements include only the Town of Bel Air because the Town has no component unit relationships with any other agency. The government-wide financial statements can be found by referring to the table of contents which begins on page 1 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Town can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By so doing, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds and governmental activities*.

The Town maintains two individual governmental funds, the general fund and the special revenue fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for both of the governmental funds.

The Town adopts an annual appropriated budget for both of its individual governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the major fund, General, and the one non-major fund, Special Revenue, to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found by referring to the table of contents which begins on page 1 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The Town maintains one proprietary-type fund: an enterprise fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the governmental-wide financial statements. The Town uses enterprise funds to account for its Parking and Sewer activities. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found by referring to the table of contents which begins on page 1 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Town's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found by referring to the table of contents which begins on page 1 of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

Notes to financial statements. The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements are part of the basic financial statements and can be found by referring to the table of contents which begins on page 1 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *supplemental information*. This information can be found by referring to the table of contents which begins on page 1 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

The Town's financial statements are prepared in conformity with the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) - for State and Local Governments. MD&A includes prior fiscal year results for the purpose of providing comparative information.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's overall financial condition and position. In the case of the Town, assets exceeded liabilities by \$14,696,728 as of June 30, 2016. The Town of Bel Air's net position is divided into three categories - invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

The largest portion of the Town's net position is in investment in capital assets net of depreciation (e.g., land, improvements, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure, and sewer system), less any related debt used to acquire those assets and accumulated depreciation. As of June 30, 2016, capital assets were valued at \$12,188,025 net of related debt and accumulated depreciation or 82.9% of total net position. The Town uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the Town's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The balance of unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2016, was \$879,786 or 6.0% of total net position and may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The balance of restricted net position as of June 30, 2016, was \$1,628,757 or 11.1% of total net position and are resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, the Town reported positive balances in all three categories of net position for the Town as a whole as well as for business-type activities separately; however, governmental activities reported a negative balance in unrestricted net position due to the recording of the net pension liability. The following tables reflect the condensed statement of net position and the schedule of changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities after the restatement:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

NET POSITION

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Assets							
Current and other assets	\$ 6,609,593	\$ 7,014,638	\$ 2,546,192	\$ 2,176,101	\$ 9,155,785	\$ 9,190,739	
Capital assets	10,726,656	9,774,799	3,829,291	3,836,695	14,555,947	13,611,494	
Total assets	17,336,249	16,789,437	6,375,483	6,012,796	23,711,732	22,802,233	
Deferred outflows of resources-pensions	977,482	270,460			977,482	270,460	
Liabilities							
Other liabilities	536,877	797,058	1,131,949	590,988	1,668,826	1,388,046	
Long-term liabilities	6,534,034	5,880,549	1,651,188	1,884,350	8,185,222	7,764,899	
Total liabilities	7,070,911	6,677,607	2,783,137	2,475,338	9,854,048	9,152,945	
Deferred inflows of resources-pensions	138,438	291,105			138,438	291,105	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	9,921,168	8,769,493	2,266,857	2,034,008	12,188,025	10,803,501	
Restricted	1,510,673	1,422,212	118,083	103,074	1,628,756	1,525,286	
Unrestricted	(327,459)	(100,520)	1,207,406	1,400,376	879,947	1,299,856	
Total net position	\$11,104,382	\$ 10,091,185	\$ 3,592,346	\$ 3,537,458	\$14,696,728	\$13,628,643	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	ness-type Activities To		otal		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 1,145,203	\$ 1,131,251	\$ 3,066,895	\$ 2,854,772	\$ 4,212,098	\$ 3,986,023		
Operating grants/								
contributions	237,524	246,216	-	-	237,524	246,216		
Capital grants/								
contributions	433,354	240,128	3,750	150,902	437,104	391,030		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	7,651,142	7,512,753	-	-	7,651,142	7,512,753		
Shared taxes	2,741,417	2,919,599	-	-	2,741,417	2,919,599		
Miscellaneous	748,554	619,288	-	-	748,554	619,288		
Unrestricted investment								
earnings	31,660	30,504	2,804	423	34,464	30,927		
Total revenues	12,988,854	12,699,739	3,073,449	3,006,097	16,062,303	15,705,836		
Expenses								
General government	2,936,201	2,765,621	_	_	2,936,201	2,765,621		
Public safety	3,357,438	3,409,696	_	_	3,357,438	3,409,696		
Public works	2,740,900	2,765,494	_	_	2,740,900	2,765,494		
Recreation and culture	166,256	205,099	_	_	166,256	205,099		
Miscellaneous	2,753,611	2,363,036	_	_	2,753,611	2,363,036		
Interest on long-term debt	21,251	38,228	_	_	21,251	38,228		
Sewer		-	2,527,564	2,197,200	2,527,564	2,197,200		
Parking facilities			490,997	454,290	490,997	454,290		
Total expenditures	11,975,657	11,547,174	3,018,561	2,651,490	14,994,218	14,198,664		
Increase in net assets	1,013,197	1,152,565	54,888	354,607	1,068,085	1,507,172		
Net position, beginning	10,091,185	8,938,620	3,537,458	3,182,851	13,628,643	12,121,471		
Net position, ending	\$11,104,382	\$10,091,185	\$ 3,592,346	\$ 3,537,458	\$14,696,728	\$13,628,643		

Governmental activities

Governmental net position increased by \$1,013,197. Property taxes, shared taxes, and charges for services represent 58.9%, 21.1%, and 8.8% of the Town's revenue stream, respectively. The remaining 11.2% of governmental revenue consists of grants, contributions, investment earnings, and other miscellaneous revenues.

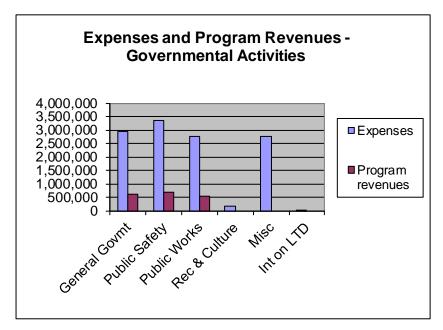
The entity wide statements show that the Town's total revenue from governmental activities in fiscal year 2016 was \$12,988,854 which is \$289,115 higher than the previous year. Revenues in capital grants/contributions increased \$193,226 due to receiving the Community Legacy grant for the Amory Marketplace project. Revenues in property taxes increased \$138,389 mainly due to an increase in real property taxes.

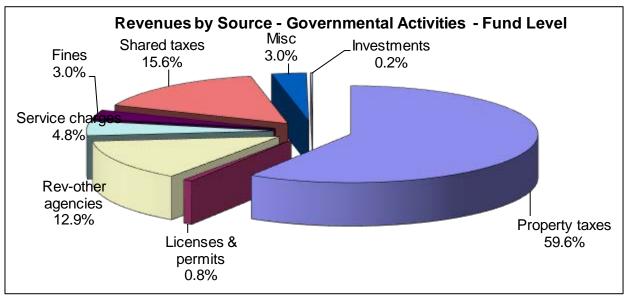
Investment earnings increased entity wide. The State of Maryland investment pool, in which the average maturity is less than 45 days and all investments are guaranteed fully by the Federal Government, average interest rate during the fiscal year was .22% compared to .05%. In fiscal year 2016, the Town utilized the CDARS program as well as investing in certificates of deposit and money market accounts at Maryland banks more in order to take advantage of higher investment rates. As of June 30, 2016, the Town held \$4,297,500 in various certificates of deposit with rates ranging from .50% to 1.50% and maturities no longer than 30-months.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

Governmental activities

Governmental expenses were \$11,975,657 in fiscal year 2016, an increase of \$428,483 or 3.7%. Public safety and public works are the two largest functional areas comprising 50.9% of all governmental expenses in fiscal year 2016. Public safety represents 28.0% of governmental expenses, while public works represents 22.9%. Both departments showed a slight decrease in expenses totaling \$76,852.

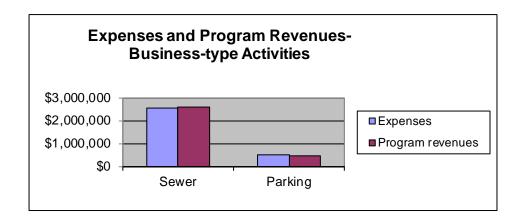


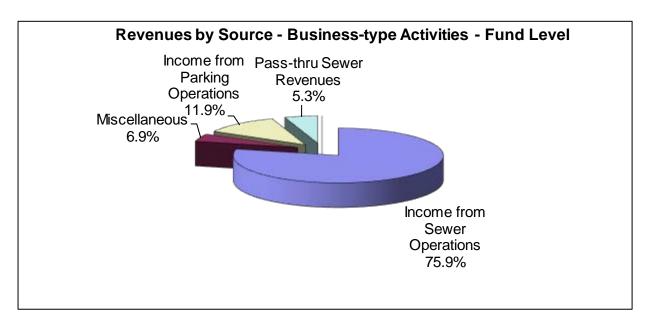


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

Business-type activities

The Town operates two business-type enterprise funds, Parking and Sewer. Business-type net position increased by \$54,888 overall with the Parking Fund decreasing \$20,805 and the Sewer Fund increasing by \$75,693. While the Town anticipated the Parking Fund expenses to be \$80,024 more than the revenues, revenues came in greater than expected resulting in a lower decrease. The increase in the sewer fund is due to receiving more in sewer service charges than anticipated.





MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Town's *governmental funds* is to provide information on current inflows, outflows, and balances of available, *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, *committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2016, the Town's governmental funds (general fund and special revenue fund) reported a combined ending fund balance of \$5,654,728, a decrease of \$158,537 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 98.5% of this total amount (\$5,568,445) constitutes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable and restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been dedicated for prepaids. The nonspendable and restricted fund balance, at 1.5% of total fund balance, does not significantly affect the availability of fund resources for future use.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town. At the end of the current fiscal year, assigned and unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$4,118,735, while total fund balance was \$5,384,596. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both assigned and unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Assigned and unassigned fund balance represents 32.3% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 42.2% of that same amount.

The Town's General Fund total fund balance decreased by \$160,756 during the current fiscal year. This was a result of receiving more revenues than anticipated and the prior year's encumbrances being significantly more, expending less with regard to a few large projects.

The Special Revenue Fund has a total fund balance of \$270,132. The \$2,219 decrease in fund balance is due to utilizing slightly more in fund balance as a revenue source to pay for current year expenditures for certain projects/programs than expected.

Proprietary funds. The Town's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position of the Parking Fund and the Sewer Fund was \$2,299,229 and \$1,293,117, respectively, and decreased \$20,805 in the Parking Fund, and increased by \$75,693 in the Sewer Fund.

Fiduciary funds. The Town maintains two pension funds: 1) Sworn Officers' Pension Trust and 2) Civilian Pension Trust. The Sworn Officers' Pension Trust is a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Town with responsibility for the administration and operation of the Plan vested with a five member Board of Trustees. The Civilian Pension Trust includes the Civilian Employees Pension Trust and funds remaining in the ICMA Retirement Trust. The Civilian Employees Pension Trust is a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Town with responsibility for the administration and operation of the Plan vested with a ten member Board of Trustees. Both defined benefit pension plans provide pension and death and disability benefits to full-time plan members and beneficiaries.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

The Town implemented GASB 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans (GASB 67) in 2014 and GASB 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68) in 2015. GASB 67 required the use of the entry age normal actuarial valuation method to determine the total pension liability.

The net position of the Sworn Officers' Pension Trust decreased \$65,891 or 1.14%, and the Civilian Pension Trust increased \$42,347 or .71%. The decrease in the Sworn Officer's Pension Trust was due to a net decrease in the fair value of investments along with contributions not being enough to pay for benefit/administrative expenses. Even with a net decrease in the fair value of investments in the Civilian Pension Trust, the Trust's net position increased due to receiving more in contributions than was paid out in benefits/administrative expenses.

On December 7, 2015, the Board of Town Commissioners approved Resolution No. 1061-15 which authorized the Town becoming a member of the Maryland Association of Counties Pooled OPEB Trust Fund. The Trust was established on January 27, 2015 to facilitate the investments of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) by the members to provide post-retirement benefits to their respective retirees. In February, 2016, the Town made its first contribution to the Trust in the amount of \$257,406 and ended the year with a net position of \$262,700.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final amended budget to the General Fund resulted in an increase of \$110,423 from the amended budget in March, 2016. The significant revenue and expenditure change was receipt of an \$88,462 FEMA grant reimbursement for the January snowstorm.

The Town amended the budget in March, 2016 after its normal mid-year budget review. The general fund budget was increased \$78,910. The significant revenue change was to the state shared income tax account due to a conservative estimate in the original budget. The significant expenditure change was an increase of \$80,000 in the public works administration to complete a funding request to complete an MS4 storm water management project.

At the end of the year, revenues and other financing sources were more than budgetary estimates by \$136,886 and expenditures were \$232,829 less than anticipated.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The Town's investment in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2016 was \$14,555,947. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, machinery, equipment, furniture, fixtures, vehicles, infrastructure, and sewer system. The total increase in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 6.9%, comprised of a 9.7% increase in governmental activities and a .2% decrease for business-type activities.

The following table displays the Town's capital assets. Additional information can be found in Note 6 in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

CAPITAL ASSETS

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	otal	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land and improvements	\$ 4,641,308	\$ 4,641,308	\$ 777,518	\$ 777,518	\$ 5,418,826	\$ 5,418,826
Buildings and improvements	5,761,048	4,998,691	3,126,190	3,126,190	8,887,238	8,124,881
Infrastructure	1,215,526	849,900	-	-	1,215,526	849,900
Machinery and equipment	1,146,339	1,041,655	402,521	358,331	1,548,860	1,399,986
Furniture and fixtures	1,228,657	1,232,966	-	-	1,228,657	1,232,966
Vehicles	2,932,042	2,771,875	365,418	365,418	3,297,460	3,137,293
Parking improvements	-	-	446,796	404,596	446,796	404,596
Sewer system	-	-	1,785,292	1,680,499	1,785,292	1,680,499
Accumulated depreciation	(6,198,264)	(5,761,596)	(3,074,444)	(2,875,857)	(9,272,708)	(8,637,453)
Total	\$10,726,656	\$ 9,774,799	\$ 3,829,291	\$ 3,836,695	\$14,555,947	\$13,611,494

Major capital asset events during the year ending June 30, 2016 included the following:

- The Town renovated the garages at our Armory facility in order to prepare them for incubator rental spaces (\$694,627).
- The Town constructed a new parking lot exit at the Town Hall/Police Department (\$8,780).
- The Town contracted to install a new free standing awning with curtains and canvas at Rockfield Manor (\$49,954).
- The Police Department purchased three new replacement vehicles (\$87,096).
- The Public Works Department purchased a replacement asphalt roller (\$36,486), a new ventrac tractor (\$27,463), a replacement John Deere 4WD loader (\$158,779), a replacement administrative vehicle (\$26,607), and a replacement dump truck (\$90,338).
- The Public Works Department contracted to have new handicap ramps installed (\$80,400), new sidewalks installed (\$103,720), new curbs/gutters installed (\$14,910), a replacement concrete pipe installed (\$14,116), and new street resurfacing projects (\$144,600).
- The Town purchased \$14,611 worth of capitalized computer hardware/software during the year.
- The Town either sold the following major assets at various public auctions, used a tradein at purchase, or scrapped them, and all were removed from the Town's capital assets: a public works loader (\$70,000), a public works asphalt roller (\$5,000), a public works dump truck (\$5,000), and computer hardware/software (\$23,885).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

• In the Sewer Fund, a new duplex pump controller was installed (\$6,540), two sanitary sewer lines were replaced at different locations in Town (\$14,263), emergency generators for four sewer pump stations were purchased/installed (\$123,200), and a major sewer rehab project to line the sewer in an area of Town in order to extend the life was completed (\$90,530).

Debt administration. The Town's long-term debt as of June 30, 2016, was \$8,185,222. Of this amount, \$1,834,626 represents general obligation bonds in which the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing power of the Town are irrevocably pledged to the levy and collection of taxes in order to provide for the payment of principal and interest due on the bonds. The remaining debt consists of notes for major equipment and vehicles totaling \$559,855, an obligation to the Liquor Control Board employees' retirement system of \$6,329, \$1,054,719 in compensated absences and OPEB liabilities, and \$4,729,693 in net pension liability resulting from GASB #68. The following table reflects the Town's long-term debt:

LONG-TERM DEBT

	Government	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		Business-type Activities Total		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
General obligations bonds	\$ 322,072	\$ 591,420	\$1,512,554	\$1,743,241	\$1,834,626	\$2,334,661	
Equipment/vehicle notes	509,975	659,780	49,880	59,446	559,855	719,226	
Other notes	6,329	7,368	-	-	6,329	7,368	
Net pension liability	4,729,693	3,671,781	-	-	4,729,693	3,671,781	
Compensated absences / OPEB	965,965	950,200	88,754	81,663	1,054,719	1,031,863	
Total	\$6,534,034	\$5,880,549	\$1,651,188	\$1,884,350	\$8,185,222	\$7,764,899	

The Town's total long-term debt for governmental activities increased \$653,485 and decreased \$233,162 for business-type activities. During the year, \$660,445 in debt was retired. During the fiscal year, the Town did not enter into any new debt obligations.

The amount of general obligation debt the Town may issue is limited by the Town's charter. The Town may issue bonds as long as the total bonded indebtedness of the Town does not exceed 6% of the assessed value of real and personal property. As of June 30, 2016, the debt limitation is \$85,838,766, which is significantly in excess of the Town's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

Economic Factors and Fiscal Year 2017's Budgets and Rates

- The State of Maryland Assessments and Taxation Department completed its triennial assessment for Town residents effective beginning in fiscal year 2015, which assesses the Town every third year, along with a cap of 10% on residential properties. During the next fiscal year, the Town expected a very slight assessment increase, 1.6% due to the improving real estate values locally.
- Income tax revenues are projected to increase \$88,476 or 6% over the 2016 budget revenues based on information provided by the Comptroller's office.
- Highway user revenues are projected to remain relatively the same over the 2016 actual revenues. This will be the fourth year in a row that the state has awarded the Town a one-time grant which will be used to fund a capital improvement program project.
- Police protection grant from the state is projected to increase slightly at \$13,417.
- The Harford County tax rebate is projected to decrease a slight amount of \$5,068 due to the formula using the reduction in property assessments years ago in the calculation.
- The Town applied for a COPS grant in the amount of \$29,699 which would fund an
 officer's salary/benefits for a portion of the fiscal year and would continue for three years.
- With anticipating slight interest rate increases, the Town's interest on investments is budgeted to increase \$12,000.
- The Town plans to construct a 10,650 square foot parking lot to be located in the front of the Rockfield Manor facility at a cost of \$109,700 of which the Foundation will contribute \$54,850.
- The Town will not finance its equipment/vehicle purchases in fiscal year but rather will purchase them with current year revenues.
- The Town appropriated \$319,026 in funds from the unassigned fund balance to pay off the Town of Bel Air G.O. 2012A 33-37 S. Main Street Bond with an interest rate of 2.20%. The final payment was not due until December 30, 2021.
- All Town employees received a merit (step) salary increase.
- The Town budgeted \$115,000 for various building maintenance or capital projects to include the installation of a new roof over the large gymnasium section of the Armory, installation of a boiler at public works, and a new roof over the administration offices at Town Hall.
- Since there is no election in November, 2016, funds were not budgeted.
- The Finance Department included \$8,000 for the GASB Statement 67/68 actuarial accounting valuation for both defined benefit plans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

- The Planning Department included \$10,000 for graphics required for wayfinding and identification as outlined in the wayfinding study which is currently being completed.
- The Planning Department included an additional \$7,300 to be used with prior encumbered funds to complete an engineering design of the proposed improvements anticipated to be constructed along Thomas/George streets to allow for vehicular/pedestrian/bicycle improvements.
- The Planning Department included \$12,000 to construct another mid-block crossing at Pennsylvania Avenue in front of the library.
- The Technology Department budgeted approximately \$43,000 for one-time expenditures.
- The Town budgeted \$47,000 to fully fund its Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). This contribution was reduced from prior years due to the Town joining the MACO OPEB Trust.
- A new policy was approved by the Town Board to create a leave payout reserve which is funded through the budget (\$30,000) and also at the end of the fiscal year if revenues exceed expenditures.
- The Town budgeted to purchase three police vehicles (\$79,047).
- The Department of Public Works included \$114,000 to fund the costs associated with the Town's MS4 storm water management program.
- The Department of Public Works included \$41,500 to fund a new project which will become a multi-year program to repair sidewalk and other concrete tripping hazards in Town.
- The Department of Public Works budgeted to purchase a replacement refuse roll off truck in the amount of \$176,000.
- The Public Works Department budgeted \$328,400 in fill-in sidewalk, street, sidewalk, curb ramp, and curb/gutter construction work to be completed at specific locations.
- In the Special Revenue Fund, the Town has designated two years (2015-2016) of Community Development Block Grants (\$43,000) to the S. Atwood Road and S. Reed Street road repair projects, while the remaining monies budgeted (\$53,317) have not been assigned to a project.
- In the Special Revenue Fund, the Town included \$100,000 Community Legacy Grant it applied for which would fund the last phase of the Amory Marketplace project.
- In the Special Revenue Fund, the Town received a \$405,600 grant from the Chesapeake & Atlantic Coastal Bays Trust Fund to fund the plumtree run stream restoration project.
- In the Special Revenue Fund, a Bond Bill was approved with the State Legislature to fund a new pavilion at Rockfield Park.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2016

• In the Special Revenue Fund, the Town included a project in the amount of \$27,000 to reconstruct the large outfall located at 401 S. Atwood Road which will include the fabrication and installation of a new headwall structure to coincide with the streambank restoration project downstream of the outfall.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Town's budget for the 2017 fiscal year.

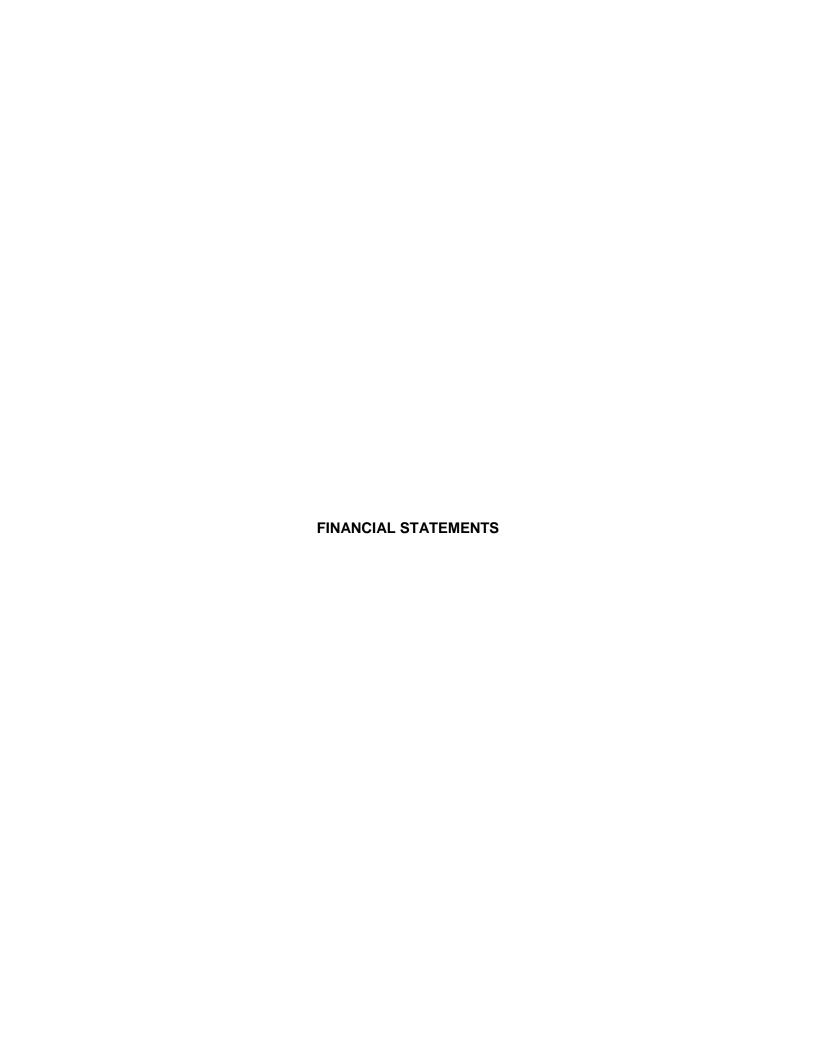
The real and personal property tax rates remain unchanged in fiscal year 2017 at the current real property tax rate of \$.50 per \$100 of assessed value and the personal property tax rate is \$1.16 per \$100 of assessed value.

The Sewer Fund user rate and base remained the same for fiscal year 2017. Even though the Town code provides for a consumer price index increase, the rate was not increased since the anticipated \$.25 ENR (enhanced nutrient removal) fee was \$.10 lower the previous fiscal year. An additional inflow and infiltration project totaling \$400,000 is expected to be financed during fiscal year 2017.

In the Parking Fund, meter collection revenues are projected to basically remain the same; however, parking fines are projected to be \$17,096 higher based on the previous fiscal year. The lease fees were down again, and they remain to be at a post-recession level. An electrical conduit project (\$125,000) and a camera project (\$23,571) are funded.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Town of Bel Air's finances for all those with an interest in the Town's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the Director of Finance, Town of Bel Air, 39 N. Hickory Avenue, Bel Air, Maryland 21014 or send an e-mail to Imoody@belairmd.org.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

	 overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities	 Total
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,882,943	\$	570	\$ 2,883,513
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	108,044		62,993	171,037
Investments	4,297,500		-	4,297,500
Accounts receivable	93,743		641,771	735,514
Loan receivable - revolving loan fund	47,460		-	47,460
Loan receivable - The John Carroll School	-		60,438	60,438
Real and personal property taxes receivable	135,846		-	135,846
Accrued interest receivable	27,128		-	27,128
Due from other units of government	590,728		-	590,728
Internal balances	(1,599,119)		1,599,119	-
Prepaid expenses	25,320		-	25,320
Capital assets, not being depreciated	4,641,308		777,518	5,418,826
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	6,085,348		3,051,773	9,137,121
Other assets	 <u>-</u>		181,301	 181,301
Total assets	 17,336,249		6,375,483	 23,711,732
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES-PENSIONS	 977,482			 977,482
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	362,327		1,131,812	1,494,139
Accrued liabilities	158,265		-	158,265
Payroll withholdings	6,746		-	6,746
Deposits and other escrows held	6,137		-	6,137
Unearned revenue	3,402		137	3,539
Non-current liabilities:				
Due within one year	204,317		238,567	442,884
Due in more than one year	 6,329,717		1,412,621	 7,742,338
Total liabilities	 7,070,911	_	2,783,137	 9,854,048
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES-PENSIONS	 138,438			 138,438
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	9,921,168		2,266,857	12,188,025
Restricted	1,510,673		118,083	1,628,756
Unrestricted	 (327,459)		1,207,406	 879,947
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 11,104,382	\$	3,592,346	\$ 14,696,728

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

		ı	Net (Expense) Revenue and Program Revenues Changes in Net Assets				
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 2,936,201	\$ 276,345	\$ -	\$ 334,654	\$ (2,325,202)	\$ -	\$ (2,325,202)
Public safety	3,357,438	437,201	237,524	-	(2,682,713)	-	(2,682,713)
Public works	2,740,900	431,657	-	98,700	(2,210,543)	-	(2,210,543)
Recreation and culture	166,256	-	-	-	(166,256)	-	(166,256)
Miscellaneous	2,753,611	-	-	-	(2,753,611)	-	(2,753,611)
Interest on long-term debt	21,251				(21,251)		(21,251)
Total governmental activities	11,975,657	1,145,203	237,524	433,354	(10,159,576)		(10,159,576)
Business-type activities							
Sewer	2,527,564	2,600,463	-	-	-	72,899	72,899
Parking facilities	490,997	466,432		3,750		(20,815)	(20,815)
Total business-type activities	3,018,561	3,066,895		3,750		52,084	52,084
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 14,994,218	\$ 4,212,098	\$ 237,524	\$ 437,104	(10,159,576)	52,084	(10,107,492)
	GENERAL REVEN Taxes:						
		levied for general p	ourposes		7,651,142	-	7,651,142
	Shared taxes				2,741,417	-	2,741,417
	Miscellaneous				748,554	-	748,554
	Unrestricted inves	ū			31,660	2,804	34,464
	Total general reve	enues			11,172,773	2,804	11,175,577
	CHANGE IN NET F	POSITION			1,013,197	54,888	1,068,085
	NET POSITION, B	EGINNING			10,091,185	3,537,458	13,628,643
	NET POSITION, E	NDING			\$ 11,104,382	\$ 3,592,346	\$ 14,696,728

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund		Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,882,943	\$	-	\$	2,882,943	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		13,475		94,569		108,044	
Investments		4,297,500		-		4,297,500	
Accounts receivable		684,471		-		684,471	
Loan receivable - revolving loan fund		-		47,460		47,460	
Accrued interest receivable		27,128		-		27,128	
Property taxes receivable - net		135,846		400 504		135,846	
Due from other funds		- 4 <i>E E</i> 70		126,594		126,594	
Prepaid costs		15,578		9,742		25,320	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,056,941	\$	278,365	\$	8,335,306	
LIABILITIES, DEFFERED INFLOWS OF RESO	URCE	S AND FUND BA	ALANCE	:S			
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	358,626	\$	3,701	\$	362,327	
Accrued expenditures		150,875		-		150,875	
Payroll withholdings		6,746		-		6,746	
Deposits		6,137		-		6,137	
Unearned revenue		3,402		-		3,402	
Due to other funds		1,721,181	-	4,532		1,725,713	
Total liabilities		2,246,967		8,233		2,255,200	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		115,631		-		115,631	
Unavailable revenue - income taxes		304,278		-		304,278	
Unavailable revenue - highway user		5,469		<u>-</u>		5,469	
Total deferred inflows of resources		425,378				425,378	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		15,578		9,742		25,320	
Restricted		-		60,963		60,963	
Committed		1,250,283		131,908		1,382,191	
Assigned		1,097,275		67,519		1,164,794	
Unassigned		3,021,460				3,021,460	
Total fund balances		5,384,596		270,132		5,654,728	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE	\$	8,056,941	\$	278,365	\$	8,335,306	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 22)	\$ 5,654,728
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Certain receivables are offset by unavailable revenue in the governmental funds since they are not available to pay for current period expenditures. This is the amount	405.070
of deferred inflows of resources related to these receivables.	425,378
Net deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions	839,044
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of these	
assets is \$16,924,920 and the accumulated depreciation is \$6,198,264.	10,726,656
Noncurrent liabilities are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	(6,534,034)
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is	
recognized as an expenditure when due.	 (7,390)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (page 20)	\$ 11,104,382

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	 General Fund				Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES					
Taxes - local	\$ 7,644,047	\$	-	\$	7,644,047
Taxes - state shared	2,024,398		-		2,024,398
Licenses and permits	105,127		-		105,127
Revenue from other agencies	1,433,079		344,892		1,777,971
Service charges for current services	618,947		-		618,947
Fines	392,181		-		392,181
Miscellaneous	 380,649		36,306		416,955
Total revenues	 12,598,428		381,198		12,979,626
EXPENDITURES					
General government	2,383,027		248,160		2,631,187
Public safety	3,790,402		5,977		3,796,379
Public works	3,232,026		112,816		3,344,842
Recreation and parks	154,800		11,456		166,256
Miscellaneous	2,753,611		-		2,753,611
Debt service:					
Principal	420,192		-		420,192
Interest	25,696				25,696
Total expenditures	 12,759,754		378,409		13,138,163
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(161,326)		2,789		(158,537)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,545,352		267,913		5,813,265
TRANSFER (TO) FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND Various reserves	 570		(570)		
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 5,384,596	\$	270,132	\$	5,654,728

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND (page 24)	(158,537)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay of \$1,605,772 exceeded depreciation expense of \$590,069 in the period.	1,015,703
In the Statement of Activities, only the gain/loss on the disposition of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the entire proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balances by costs of the capital assets disposed of \$217,247, less any accumulated depreciation of \$153,401.	(63,846)
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for compensated absences are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid or expected to be paid within one year). This year, the change in vacation, sick, compensatory leave, and OPEB expense was \$15,765.	(15,765)
In the Statement of Activities, only the pension expense related to the changes in net pension liability is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the actual amount contributed is an expenditure.	(198,223)
In the Statement of Activities, revenues are recognized when they are earned and received. In the governmental funds, revenues are recognized as income if they are available to satisfy current obligations. This is the amount of the increase in deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds which is recognized as revenue in the Statement of Activities.	9,228
Long-term debt repayments are an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. This is the amount of long-term debt repayments for 2016.	420,192
Interest expense in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in governmental funds due to the net change in accrued interest.	4,445
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (page 21)	3 1,013,197

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual - General Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Fina P	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUE	Φ	7.044.004	Φ	7.04.4.004	Φ.	7 044 047	Φ.	00.000
Taxes - local	\$	7,614,221	\$	7,614,221	\$	7,644,047	\$	29,826
Taxes - state shared		1,826,439		1,920,463		2,024,398		103,935
Licenses and permits Revenues from other agencies		98,500 1,364,880		98,500 1,446,342		105,127 1,433,079		6,627 (13,263)
Service charges for current services		660,805		653,805		618,947		(34,858)
Fines		373,500		373,500		392,181		18,681
Miscellaneous		280,750		354,711		380,649		25,938
Total revenues		12,219,095		12,461,542		12,598,428		136,886
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General government		2,266,031		2,314,697		2,163,394		151,303
Public safety		3,789,775		3,850,716		3,793,722		56,994
Public works		3,131,819		3,333,159		3,306,705		26,454
Recreation and culture		157,550		157,550		153,547		4,003
Miscellaneous		2,598,190		2,529,690		2,535,851		(6,161)
Debt service		499,238	_	446,124	_	445,888		236
Total expenditures		12,442,603		12,631,936		12,399,107		232,829
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(223,508)	\$	(170,394)		199,321	\$	369,715
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						4,440,547		
TRANSFER FROM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND VARIOUS RESERVES						570		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	4,640,438		

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures – Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis		Budget Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Revenue from Other Agencies	Φ.	450 474	Φ.	450 474	Φ.	00.700	Φ	(50.774)
CDBG grant Community Legacy grant	\$	152,474 425,000	\$	152,474 425,000	\$	98,700 246,192	\$	(53,774) (178,808)
Community Legacy grant		425,000		425,000		240, 192		(170,000)
Total - revenue from other								
agencies		577,474		577,474		344,892		(232,582)
Miscellaneous		51,000		51,000		36,306		(14,694)
Total revenues		628,474		628,474		381,198		(247,276)
EXPENDITURES								
General government		428,900		428,900		248,160		180,740
Public safety		12,500		12,500		5,977		6,523
Public works		170,474		170,474		112,816		57,658
Recreation and culture		16,600		16,600		11,456		5,144
Total expenditures		628,474		628,474		378,409		250,065
EXCESS OF REVENUES					_			
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	-	\$	-		2,789	\$	2,789
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR						267,913		
TRANSFER TO GENERAL FUND VARIOUS RESERVES						(570)		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR					\$	270,132		

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds) June 30, 2016

	Parking Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 570	\$ -	\$ 570	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	19,791	43,202	62,993	
Accounts receivable	40,086	601,685	641,771	
Loan receivable, The John Carroll School	-	60,438	60,438	
Due from other funds	112,176	1,489,402	1,601,578	
Total current assets	172,623	2,194,727	2,367,350	
Noncurrent Assets				
Land	777,518	-	777,518	
Capital assets, net	1,765,234	1,286,539	3,051,773	
Other assets		181,301	181,301	
Total noncurrent assets	2,542,752	1,467,840	4,010,592	
Total assets	2,715,375	3,662,567	6,377,942	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11,446	1,120,366	1,131,812	
Due to other funds	2,459	-	2,459	
Unearned revenue	137	-	137	
Notes payable	3,584	6,216	9,800	
Bonds payable	106,039	122,728	228,767	
Total current liabilities	123,665	1,249,310	1,372,975	
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Accrued compensated absences	24,830	63,924	88,754	
Notes payable - long-term	16,944	23,136	40,080	
Bonds payable - long-term	250,707	1,033,080	1,283,787	
Total noncurrent liabilities	292,481	1,120,140	1,412,621	
Total liabilities	416,146	2,369,450	2,785,596	
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	2,165,478	101,379	2,266,857	
Restricted	118,083	-	118,083	
Unrestricted	15,668	1,191,738	1,207,406	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,299,229	\$ 1,293,117	\$ 3,592,346	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change In Net Position - Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds) Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Parking Fund	Sewer Fund	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES	<u> </u>		Total	
Revenues From Other Agencies	Φ 2.750	¢.	Ф 2.750	
FEMA Grant Emergency Generators	\$ 3,750	\$ -	\$ 3,750	
Service Charges for Current Services				
Sanitation and Waste Removal		0.445.000	0.445.000	
Sewerage charges	-	2,415,383	2,415,383	
Sewer connection charges	-	121,540	121,540	
Other revenues	-	29,310	29,310	
User benefit fees	-	34,230	34,230	
Highway and Streets	400 407		400.40=	
Meter collections	180,187	-	180,187	
Lease fees	66,742	-	66,742	
Fines and Forfeitures				
Parking	110,842	-	110,842	
Miscellaneous				
County share operating expenses				
and capital repairs	108,146	=	108,146	
Miscellaneous	515		515	
Total operating revenues	470,182	2,600,463	3,070,645	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Salaries	-	149,481	149,481	
Contractual services	-	1,622,309	1,622,309	
Transfer to general fund - administrative costs	237,467	248,185	485,652	
Supplies	-	2,681	2,681	
Utilities	-	14,704	14,704	
Depreciation	125,761	72,825	198,586	
Amortization	-	24,248	24,248	
Maintenance	7,989	71,413	79,402	
Compensated absences	1,441	5,650	7,091	
Other	3,358	35,097	38,455	
Connection costs	· -	121,540	121,540	
User benefit fees	-	34,230	34,230	
Postage	1,517	, -	1,517	
Insurance	-	13,394	13,394	
Parking fine charges	23,873	-	23,873	
Sustainability	-,	12,665	12,665	
I&I Projects	-	66,561	66,561	
Garage operations	75,160	-	75,160	
Total operating expenses	476,566	2,494,983	2,971,549	
Operating income	(6,384)	105,480	99,096	
Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	(0,004)	100,400		
Investment income	10	2,794	2,804	
Investment expenses	(14,431)	(32,581)	(47,012)	
Net non-operating expenses	(14,421)	(29,787)	(44,208)	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	(20,805)	75,693	54,888	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	2,320,034	1,217,424	3,537,458	
NET POSITION, END OF PERIOD	\$ 2,299,229	\$ 1,293,117	\$ 3,592,346	

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds (Enterprise Funds) Year Ended June 30, 2016

	P	arking Fund		Sewer Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from sewer charges	\$	-	\$	1,999,560	\$	1,999,560
Cash received from parking charges		504,277		-		504,277
Payments to suppliers		(341,625)		(1,720,975)	((2,062,600)
Payments to employees		_		(147,850)		(147,850)
Net cash provided by operating activities		162,652		130,735		293,387
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Debt payments from loan receivable-John Carroll		(00.454)		24,464		24,464
Cash payment of note principal		(29,154)		(57,548)		(86,702)
Cash payment of bond principal		(76,672)		(76,879)		(153,551)
Interest paid on long-term obligation		(14,627)		(33,319)		(47,946)
Acquisition of capital assets		(42,200) (162,653)		(148,983) (292,265)		(191,183) (454,918)
Net cash (used in) financing activities		(162,633)		(292,203)	-	(434,910)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Investment income		10		2,794		2,804
NET (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		9		(158,736)		(158,727)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS,						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		20,352	_	201,938		222,290
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	20,361	\$_	43,202	\$	63,563
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATI	NG II	NCOME TO				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERA	TING	ACTIVITIES	S			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(6,384)	\$	105,480	\$	99,096
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income to						
net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		125,761		97,073		222,834
Effects of changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(40.404)		47.000		04.400
Accounts receivable		(16,494)		47,630		31,136
Due from other funds		50,962		(648,533)		(597,571)
Accounts payable Due to other funds		5,280 2,450		536,986		542,266
Unearned revenue		2,459 (373)		(13,551)		(11,092) (373)
Compensated absences payable		(373) 1,441		5,650		7,091
componented absolutes payable		1,771		5,000		7,001
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	162,652	\$	130,735	\$	293,387

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2016

	Pension		OPEB		
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	374,214	\$	-	
Investments:					
Mutual funds		11,371,774		-	
Fiscal agents		330,066		-	
Pooled OPEB Trust		<u>-</u>		262,700	
Total assets		12,076,054		262,700	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		12,263		<u> </u>	
NET POSITION					
Held in trust for pension/OPEB benefits	\$	12,063,791	\$	262,700	

Statement of Changes In Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Pension			OPEB		
ADDITIONS Contributions:						
Employer contributions	\$	446,965	\$	257,456		
Employee contributions	•	405,399	•	-		
Total contributions		852,364		257,456		
Investment gain (loss):						
Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of investments		(34,477)		6,648		
Total additions		817,887		264,104		
DEDUCTIONS						
Benefit payments		766,585		-		
Contractual services		110,079		1,404		
Total deductions		876,664		1,404		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(58,777)		262,700		
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION/OPEB BENEFITS:						
BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,122,568				
END OF YEAR	\$	12,063,791	\$	262,700		

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Town of Bel Air, Maryland (the Town) was incorporated in 1874 by an act of the Maryland General Assembly and operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The Town provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police), highways and streets, sanitation, culture, recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect on interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are the interfund activity between the government funds and the fiduciary funds. Governmental activities, which are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities that are supported by customer service charges.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of the business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or category. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from a given function, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, such as taxes, are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are shown for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. The recorded amounts of enterprise fund financial instruments, including cash, investments, receivables, payables and long-term debt approximate fair value. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. For pension trust funds, employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which the employee services are performed. Under the modified accrual method, revenues from federal and state expenditure-driven grant programs are deemed available and subject to accrual to the extent that eligible expenditures have been incurred and federal and state funds are requested to pay invoices when due. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, taxes collected by the state and county on behalf of the Town, franchise taxes, special assessments, revenue from other agencies, interest revenue and charges for services. Fines and forfeitures, licenses, permits, penalties and interest (on property taxes) and other revenues become measurable and available when cash is received by the Town and are recognized as revenue at that time.

The Town has two major governmental funds, the general fund and special revenue fund. The general fund is used to account for all activities of the government not accounted for in some other fund. The general fund accounts for the normal recurring activities of the Town such as police, public works, recreation and culture, general government, etc. These activities are financed primarily by property taxes, other taxes, licenses and permits, revenues from other governmental agencies and service charges. The special revenue fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result primarily from providing services and delivering goods in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations such as charges to customers for sales and services and expenses such as salaries, operating expenses and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are non-operating revenues and expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The Town has two proprietary funds, the sewer fund and the parking fund. The sewer fund accounts for all activities associated with the provision of sewerage services to the residents of the Town of Bel Air. The parking fund accounts for the cost and operation of the Town's parking facilities.

The Town has two fiduciary funds, the Sworn Officers Pension Trust and the Civilian Pension Trust. As fiduciary funds, the pension funds are used to account for assets held by the Town in a trustee capacity for individuals and retirees.

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

Property Taxes

Taxes on real property are levied on a fiscal year basis as of July 1 and are delinquent after September 30. Taxes on business personal property are levied on a fiscal year basis as of July 1 and are delinquent three months after the monthly billing. Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on the underlying properties. General property taxes receivable as of June 30, 2016, amounted to \$135,846. Property tax revenue is recognized in the year levied and when it becomes available, including amounts expected to be collected soon enough after the end of the year to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Real and personal property taxes are levied at rates enacted by the Board of Commissioners in the annual budget resolution on the assessed value as determined by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation. The rates of levy cannot exceed the constant yield tax rate furnished by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation without public notice, and only after public hearings.

In fiscal 2016, the personal property tax rate was \$1.10 per \$100 of assessed value and the real property tax rate was \$.50 per \$100 of assessed value.

Restricted Assets

Restricted cash in the general fund represents developers' deposits and cash in escrow from bank financings. Restricted cash in the parking fund and sewer fund represents cash designated for parking lot construction and cash in escrow from bank financings, respectively. When possible, restricted assets are used before unrestricted assets.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. The Town defines capital assets, as those which cost more than \$2,500 and have an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at historical or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are stated at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Expenditures for major assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest on debt during the construction period is capitalized. The amount of interest to be capitalized is offset by interest income earned on investment proceeds over the same period. Exhaustible capital assets of the General Fund and Proprietary Funds are depreciated, which is charged as an expense against operations. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are generally as follows:

Category	Years
Infrastructure	50
Land improvements	10 – 30
Buildings	25 - 40
Building improvements	7 – 40
Leasehold improvements	7 – 40
Machinery and equipment	3 – 45
Furniture and fixtures	5 – 15
Vehicles	5 – 20

Loan Receivable – The John Carroll School

On December 29, 2014, the Town of Bel Air and The John Carroll School signed a loan agreement in the amount of \$84,902. The amount was advanced by the Town on behalf of the School to pay its 50% share to construct a new sanitary sewer main that replaced the existing 15" sanitary sewer main. The interest rate is 2.29% with principal and interest payable semi-annually on June 29 and December 29 which will continue until December 29, 2019.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Town employees accumulate vacation, compensatory, and sick leave hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination or retirement. Earned vacation pay may be paid upon termination or retirement upon completion of one year's continuous service as a full-time employee. A maximum of 80 hours compensatory time may be converted to paid hours when a nonexempt employee retires, resigns, or is otherwise terminated. Fifty percent of earned sick pay to a maximum of 400 hours may be paid upon retirement, resignation or termination after completion of five years of service.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick, Compensatory Pay and OPEB

As of June 30, 2016, the liability for Town employees for accrued vacation, sick and compensatory leave and OPEB was \$472,154, \$488,308, \$75,999, and \$18,258, respectively, based on the salary and wage rates in effect at the end of the fiscal year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Use of Estimates in Preparing Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Net Position

The government-wide and business-type activity financial statements utilize a net asset presentation. Net position are categorized as follows:

Net Investment in capital assets – This category groups all capital assets into one component of net assets. Accumulated depreciation and outstanding balances of debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets, reduce the balances in this category.

Restricted net position – This category represents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws and regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position – This category represents the net position of the Town, not restricted for any purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Town is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components- nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This component includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This component consists of amounts that have constraints placed on them either externally by third-parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the Town to assess, levy, charge or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement (compelled by external parties) that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation.

Committed – This component consists of amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Town's highest level of decision making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Town removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed previously to commit those amounts.

Assigned – This component consists of amounts that are constrained by the Town's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted or committed. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Town Manager or their designee.

Unassigned – This classification represents amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The governmental funds Balance Sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. One element of that reconciliation is non-current liabilities. Noncurrent liabilities applicable to the Town's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and noncurrent are reported in the

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 2 – RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

A. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. (Continued)

Statement of Net Position. The summary of the \$6,534,034 difference is as follows:

Harford County Liquor Board	\$ 6,329
Equipment/vehicle obligations	509,975
Compensated absences/OPEB	965,965
Net pension liability	4,729,693
Bel Air High School auditorium	26,559
33-37 South Main Street	295,513
	-
Total	\$ 6,534,034

B. Explanation of certain differences between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities.

The governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation is the purchase of capital assets as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The summary of the \$1,015,703 difference is found on page 21.

NOTE 3 - RECONCILIATION OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP EXPENDITURES

A reconciliation of expenditures of the general fund and special revenue fund to present the Statements of Revenues and Expenditures on a GAAP basis is as follows:

	Revenues	Other Financing Sources		Expenditures	Current Year Effect on Fund Balance
General Fund					
Budgetary basis	\$ 12,598,428	\$	-	\$ 12,399,107	\$ 199,321
Current year encumbrances	-		-	(1,097,275)	1,097,275
Prior year encumbrances	_			1,457,922	(1,457,922)
GAAP basis	\$ 12,598,428	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 12,759,754	\$ (161,326)

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 4 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. By the first meeting in April, the Town Administrator submits the entire budget to the Board of Town Commissioners. The budget includes both the operating and capital equipment expenditures and the means of financing them. Also, work sessions and hearings are scheduled.
- 2. No later than the second Town meeting in April, the Town Board adopts a tentative budget. The Board may insert new budget items, delete items, and increase or decrease any items of the budget so presented. The tentative budget becomes a public record in the Office of the Director of Finance, open to public inspection by any resident or taxpayer of the Town.
- 3. Between the 15th and 31st of May, the Board must hold a public hearing on the tentative budget after two weeks' notice has been published in a newspaper with a general circulation within the Town.
- 4. The Town Administrator may transfer funds between appropriations for different purposes; however, it shall be approved by a majority of the Board of Town Commissioners before becoming effective.
- 5. The budget for the general fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except that encumbrances are treated as expenditures at the time purchase orders are issued. Budgetary comparisons presented for the general fund are on this non-GAAP basis.
- 6. All appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year to the extent that they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered.

NOTE 5 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of statement presentation, all highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash and cash equivalents, which includes short-term funds held in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

A. Cash on hand

At year-end, cash on hand for petty cash and change funds was \$2,020.

B. Deposits

At year-end, the carrying amount of the Town's bank deposits was \$569,495, and the bank balance was \$877,346 of which \$864,889 was covered by federal deposit insurance and \$12,457 was covered by collateral. The deposits of the Town were not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2016.

C. Cash equivalents

As of June 30, 2016, the Town's cash equivalents consisted of money market funds held by the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool totaling \$2,483,035.

Investments

Investments consist of Certificates of Deposit with varying maturities and interest rates ranging from .50% to 1.50% which are all covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments have maturities between October 2016 through December 2017.

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
		Less than						
Investment Type	Fair Value	1 Year	1 to 2		2 to 3			
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 4,297,500	\$ -	\$ 4,062,500	\$	235,000			

Interest Rate Risk

Fair value fluctuates with interest rates, and increasing interest rates could cause fair value to decline below original cost. To limit the Town's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, the Town's investment policy limits the term of investment maturities except in the fiduciary funds, for which longer term maturities are allowed to match the cash flow of liabilities. Town management believes the liquidity in the portfolio is adequate to meet cash flow requirements and to preclude the Town from having to sell investments below original cost for that purpose. The investments at June 30, 2016, met the Town's investment policy as of that date. Investment income includes the following for the year ended June 30, 2016:

Net interest and dividends	- governmental activities	\$ 31,660

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit Risk

Town investment policy does not permit investments in commercial paper or corporate bonds, except in fiduciary funds or if they are permitted under state law in the state investment pool. The Town invests in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP), which is under the administration of the State Treasurer. The MLGIP was established in 1982 under Article 95, Section 22G of the Annotated Code of Maryland and is rated AAAm by Standard & Poors, their highest rating for money market mutual funds. The MLGIP seeks to maintain a constant value of \$1.00 per unit. Unit value is computed using the amortized cost method. In addition, the net asset value of the pool, marked to market, is calculated and maintained on a weekly basis to ensure a \$1.00 per unit constant value.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover all or a portion of the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2016, all of the Town's investments were insured or registered, or for which the securities were held by the Town or its agent in the Town's name or were invested in the MLGIP.

Statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements secured by direct government or agency obligations, and in Maryland Local Government Investment Pool.

Pension Investments

As of June 30, 2016, the Sworn Officers Pension Trust and the Civilian Pension Trust had the following investments and maturities in two of its mutual funds which include investments in bonds.

		Sworn			Weighted
		Officers		Civilian	Average
	Per	nsion Trust	Pe	nsion Trust	Maturity
T. Rowe Price				_	
New Income Fund	\$	1,374,812	\$	1,422,728	7.55 years
Short-term Bond Fund		532,071		546,473	2.11 years

The mutual funds are unrated. The Town's investments held by the Pension Trusts are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 5 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Pension Investments (Continued)

The Town categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The Plans have the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

- Mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs); and
- Fiscal agents are valued based on the quoted market prices of the underlying assets (Level 2 inputs).

		As of June 30, 2016						
	Civilian 401 (a) Plan (Level 2)			Civilian nsion Trust (Level 1)	Sworn Officers' Pension Trust (Level 1)			
Investments:								
Mutual funds	\$	-	\$	5,793,810	\$	5,577,964		
Fiscal agents		330,066		-		-		
Total assets	\$	330,066	\$	5,793,810	\$	5,577,964		

NOTE 6 – CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Additions and disposals of fixed capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2016, are shown below:

Covernmental Astivities	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions and Transfers	Disposals and Transfers	Ending Balance June 30, 2016
Governmental Activities	Ф 4 C44 200	Φ	ф	Ф 4 C44 200
Land – not being depreciated	\$ 4,641,308	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,641,308
Buildings and improvements	4,998,691	762,357	-	5,761,048
Infrastructure	849,900	365,626	-	1,215,526
Machinery and equipment	1,041,655	232,272	127,588	1,146,339
Furniture and fixtures	1,232,966	19,576	23,885	1,228,657
Vehicles	2,771,875	225,941_	65,774	2,932,042
Total	15,536,395	1,605,772	217,247	16,924,920
Less – accumulated depreciation	5,761,596	590,069	153,401	6,198,264
Capital assets, net	\$ 9,774,799	\$ 1,015,703	\$ 63,846	\$ 10,726,656

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 6 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions and Transfers	Disposals and Transfers	Ending Balance June 30, 2016		
Proprietary Funds						
Parking fund:						
Land not being depreciated	\$ 777,518	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 777,518		
Parking improvements	404,596	42,200	-	446,796		
Garage	3,126,190	-	-	3,126,190		
Parking vehicle	54,482	-	-	54,482		
Equipment	2,265	-	-	2,265		
	4,365,051	42,200		4,407,251		
Sewer fund:						
Sewer pipes and storm drain	1,680,499	104,793	-	1,785,292		
Equipment	356,066	44,190	-	400,256		
Vehicle	310,936		<u>-</u>	310,936		
	2,347,501	148,983		2,496,484		
Total	6,712,552	191,183	-	6,903,735		
Less – accumulated depreciation	2,875,857	198,587	-	3,074,444		
Capital assets, net	\$ 3,836,695	\$ (7,404)	\$ -	\$ 3,829,291		

Depreciation expense was charged to function/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 261,610
Public safety	79,696
Public works	248,763
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 590,069

As of June 30, 2016, accumulated depreciation for the parking fund and sewer fund amounted to \$1,864,499 and \$1,209,945, respectively. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016, amounted to \$125,761 in the parking fund and \$72,825 in the sewer fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Non-current liability transactions of the Town for the year ended June 30, 2016, are presented below.

Governmental activities	_	3alance ly 1, 2015		ditions and insfers		isposals and ransfers		Ending Balance ne 30, 2016		Due Within ne Year
Liquor Control Board employees'										
retirement system obligation	\$	7,368	\$	-	\$	1,039	\$	6,329	\$	-
Equipment/vehicle notes		659,780		-		149,805		509,975		126,639
Accrued vacation, sick and		050 000		45.705				005 005		
compensatory leave/OPEB		950,200		15,765		(00.544)		965,965		-
Net pension liability		3,671,781	1	,034,368		(23,544)		4,729,693		-
G.O. Bond 2008A BAHS Auditorium		167,597		-		167,597		-		-
G.O. Bond 2009A BAHS Auditorium		78,297		-		51,738		26,559		26,559
G.O. Bond 2012A 33-37 S. Main St Total governmental activities liabilities	\$	345,526 5,880,549	\$ 1	.050,133	\$	50,013 396,648	\$	295,513 6,534,034	\$	51,119 204,317
Total governmental activities liabilities	<u> </u>	3,660,549	Ф 1	,000,133	<u> </u>	390,048	<u> </u>	0,554,054	Φ	204,317
	_	Balance		ditions and insfers		isposals and ransfers		Ending Balance ne 30, 2016		Due Within ne Year
Business-type activities			-							
Parking Fund:										
Parking garage bond, 2007	\$	239,929	\$	-	\$	76,672	\$	163,257	\$	79,930
Parking garage repairs bond, 2013		219,126		-		25,637		193,489		26,109
Parking jeep note		24,045		-		3,517		20,528		3,584
Accrued vacation, sick and										
compensatory leave / OPEB		23,389		1,441				24,830		-
Total parking fund debt		506,489	-	1,441		105,826		402,104		109,623
Sewer Fund:										
Infrastructure Bond 2006 Series A:										
20 year note		269,500		-		25,000		244,500		26,000
Stoneleigh Sewer Bond, 2010		8,623		-		8,623		-		-
Sewer Fund CIP/I&I Services Bond, 2013A		465,042		-		43,256		421,786		43,994
Sewer I&I Services/Main Replace. Bond, 2015		541,021		-		51,499		489,522		52,734
Sewer van and pick-up truck note		35,401		-		6,049		29,352		6,216
Accrued vacation, sick and										
compensatory leave / OPEB		58,274		5,650				63,924		
Total sewer fund debt		1,377,861		5,650		134,427		1,249,084		128,944
Total business-type activities liabilities	\$	1,884,350	\$	7,091	\$	240,253	\$	1,651,188	\$	238,567

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities

Bonds Payable

On December 8, 2009, the Town issued a \$329,095, "Town of Bel Air Auditorium Bond, 2009A" to M&T Bank with an interest rate of 4.01%. On January 2, 2008, the Town approved a revised memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with Harford County concerning the new Bel Air High School Auditorium. In this MOU, the Town agreed to contribute a total of \$1,500,000 to the County to increase the number of seats from 540 to 800 and construct other enhancements. The final payment to the County may be reduced if the project costs are less than anticipated. Using the bond proceeds, the Town made its third and final contribution to the County on December 8, 2009 in the amount of \$285,895 and reimbursed itself the remaining \$43,200 for expenses paid for design and consultation services for the theater. Principal and interest is payable semi-annually on June 8 and December 8 and will continue until December, 2016.

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	Int	erest	Total		
2017	\$	26,559	\$	534	\$	27,093	
Total	\$	26,559	\$	534	\$	27,093	

On March 19, 2012, the Town issued a \$515,000 "Town of Bel Air 33-37 South Main Street Bond, 2013" to PNC Bank, National Association with an interest rate of 2.20% for the public purpose of providing a portion of the funds necessary for the purchase of properties located at 33-37 South Main Street. Principal and interest is payable semi-annually on June 30 and December 30 and will continue until December, 2021.

Fiscal Year	Principal		Ir	Interest		Total	
2017	\$	51,119	\$	6,222	\$	57,341	
2018		52,250		5,091		57,341	
2019		53,406		3,935		57,341	
2020		54,587		2,754		57,341	
2021		55,795		1,546		57,341	
2022		28,356		312		28,668	
Total	\$	295,513	\$	19,860	\$	315,373	

The Town has entered into several notes for the acquisition of capital equipment and vehicles. The interest rates on these notes range from 1.88% to 4.23% with maturity dates from August 9, 2014 to August 15, 2021. Obligations under the plan provide for minimum payments, as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

Bonds Payable (Continued)

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest	Total	
2017	\$	126,639	\$ 9,707	\$	136,346
2018		129,196	7,149		136,345
2019		111,905	4,540		116,445
2020		74,595	2,439		77,034
2021		47,721	1,053		48,774
2022		19,919	 188		20,107
Total	\$	509,975	\$ 25,076	\$	535,051

Accrued Liability for the Retirement System of the Employees of Harford County Liquor Control Board

In consideration of the immediate refund of the Town's investment of \$25,550 in the Liquor Dispensary System, the Town agreed during the year ended June 30, 1983, to share in the liquidation of the accrued liability for the retirement system of the employees of the Harford County Liquor Board. This agreement requires the Town to pay \$1,529 for the next 37 years to the Harford County Liquor Control Board. The present value of this liability, \$7,368, has been reflected in the governmental activities noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

B. Business-type Activities

Bonds Payable

On May 1, 2006, the Town of Bel Air entered into an agreement with Harford County, Maryland to borrow \$803,569 at an annual interest rate of 4.25%. The proceeds of the bond were used to refinance the parking garage debt.

The bond was issued in conjunction with a Joint Use and Lease Agreement of the public parking garage at Courtland Street and Hickory Avenue in the Town between Harford County, Maryland and the Town. The County and the Town continue to own 67.2% and 32.8%, respectively, of the garage. The Town continues to operate and maintain the garage, and the County will be responsible for reimbursing the Town for 67.2% of those costs.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Business-type Activities (Continued)

Bonds Payable (Continued)

Principal and interest are payable in twelve annual installments each June 30 through June 30, 2018.

Fiscal Year	P	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	79,930	\$	6,938	\$	86,868	
2018		83,327		3,541		86,868	
Total	\$	163,257	\$	10,479	\$	173,736	

On May 24, 2013, the Town of Bel Air issued a \$270,334 "Parking Garage Repairs Bond, 2013" to Harford Bank with an interest rate of 1.85% for the public purpose of providing funds necessary for the Town's portion of the repairs to the parking garage, located at 16 S. Hickory Avenue, as well as professional engineering bidding and inspection services related to the project. Interest is payable semi-annually on August 15 and February 15 and will continue until February 15, 2023.

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total
2017	\$	26,109	\$	3,517	\$ 29,626
2018		26,612		3,014	29,626
2019		27,114		2,512	29,626
2020		27,624		2,002	29,626
2021		28,140		1,486	29,626
2022-2023		57,890		1,361	 59,251
	\$	193,489	\$	13,892	\$ 207,381

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Business-type Activities (Continued)

Bonds Payable (Continued)

On April 22, 2004, the Town of Bel Air entered into an agreement with the Maryland Department of Housing and Community Development, Community Development Administration, to borrow \$497,000 with interest at rates varying from 2.0% to 4.625% for the purpose of prepaying a sewer service agreement with Harford County. Interest is payable semi-annually. Principal and interest payments continue until May 1, 2024.

Fiscal Year	F	Principal Interest		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	26,000	\$	12,058	\$	38,058	
2018		27,500		10,995		38,495	
2019		28,500		9,890		38,390	
2020		29,500		8,686		38,186	
2021		31,000		5,112		36,112	
2022-2025		102,000		9,574		111,574	
Total	\$	244,500	\$	56,315	\$	300,815	

On June 11, 2013, the Town of Bel Air issued a \$551,700 "Sewer Fund CIP/I&I Services Bond, 2013A" to PNC Bank, National Association with an interest rate of 1.70% for the public purpose of providing funds needed to develop and publish a sewer system capital improvement plan as well as repairs to the sanitary sewer system in various areas. Interest is payable semi-annually on September 15 and March 15 and will continue until March 15, 2025.

Fiscal Year	Principal		In	Interest		Total	
2017	\$	43,994	\$	7,024	\$	51,018	
2018		44,746		6,273		51,019	
2019		45,510		5,509		51,019	
2020		46,286		4,732		51,018	
2021		47,077		3,941		51,018	
2022-2025		194,173		7,589		201,762	
	\$	421,786	\$	35,068	\$	456,854	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Business-type Activities (Continued)

Bonds Payable (Continued)

On January 5, 2015, the Town of Bel Air issued a \$569,802 "Sewer Fund I&I Services/Main Replacement Bond, 2015" to Harford Bank with an interest rate of 2.29% for the public purpose of providing funds needed for the repairs to the sanitary sewer system in various areas within the Town, as well as a sanitary sewer main replacement located on The John Carroll School property. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 and will continue until October 1, 2024.

Fiscal Year	Principal		Ir	Interest		Total	
2017	\$	52,734	\$	11,062	\$	63,796	
2018		53,966		9,831		63,797	
2019		55,226		8,570		63,796	
2020		56,497		7,300		63,797	
2021		57,836		5,962		63,798	
2022-2025		213,263		10,026		223,289	
	\$	489,522	\$	52,751	\$	542,273	

Notes Payable

On October 15, 2013, the Town of Bel Air entered into a notes payable purchase agreement with Santander Bank in the amount of \$154,987 of which \$44,171 was to finance the purchase of a sewer pick-up truck and a sewer cargo van. The interest rate is 2.74% with principal and interest payable semi-annually on April 15 and October 15 which will continue until October, 2020.

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	In	terest	 Total
2017	\$	6,216	\$	762	\$ 6,978
2018		6,387		591	6,978
2019		6,563		414	6,977
2020		6,745		233	6,978
2021		3,441		47_	 3,488
	\$	29,352	\$	2,047	\$ 31,399

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 7 – NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES (Continued)

B. Business-type Activities (Continued)

Notes Payable (Continued)

On September 30, 2014, the Town of Bel Air entered into a notes payable purchase agreement with PNC Bank, National Association in the amount of \$287,662 of which \$25,835 was to finance the purchase of a jeep for parking enforcement. The interest rate is 1.90% with principal and interest payable semi-annually on February 15 and August 15 which will continue until August, 2021.

Fiscal Year	Principal		li	nterest	Total	
2017	\$	3,584	\$	374	\$	3,958
2018		3,652		306		3,958
2019		3,722		236		3,958
2020		3,793		165		3,958
2021		3,875		92		3,967
2022		1,902		19		1,921
	\$	20,528	\$	1,192	\$	21,720

Total interest expense on long-term liabilities was \$72.708.

NOTE 8 – CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

In 2007, the Town of Bel Air issued \$4.5 million in Economic Development Revenue Bonds pursuant to the Maryland Economic Development Revenue Bond Act to assist The Harford Day School, Incorporated in financing or refinancing the costs constructing a two-story addition to the school's existing field house, roof replacement for the library, improvements to the HVAC system controls and fire alarm systems, installations of a geothermal heating system, acquisition of a new phone system, miscellaneous classroom improvements, and acquisition of furnishings, fixtures and equipment in connection with the foregoing, and landscaping, roads, or other rights of access. The Town is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The principal balance of the bonds as of June 30, 2016, is \$3,605,000.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS

Town of Bel Air, Maryland Retirement Plan and Trust

The Town of Bel Air provides pension benefits for all of its full-time vested terminated employees through the Town of Bel Air, Maryland Retirement Plan and Trust, a defined contribution plan which was established by and is amended under the conditions of Resolution 430 of the Board of Town Commissioners.

Investments held by the pension trust fund are with the ICMA-RC Retirement Trust. As of June 30, 2016, the plan assets at fair market value were \$330,066.

Town of Bel Air, Maryland Civilian Employees Pension Plan

On July 1, 2006, the Town of Bel Air established the Town of Bel Air Civilian Employees Pension Plan (Plan) which provides pension and death and disability benefits to non-sworn plan members and beneficiaries. In accordance with the Town Code, subject to approval by the Town Commissioners, pension plan provisions may be established or amended. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Town of Bel Air. Responsibility for the administration and operation of the Plan is vested with an eleven member Board of Trustees.

The Plan does not issue a separate financial report, but is included in the accompanying financial statements as a pension trust fund.

The Town uses the accrual basis of accounting for the Plan. Investment income is recognized when it is earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable under the terms of the Plan. The investments consist of publicly traded mutual funds and their fair value is determined by reference to published trade journals.

Investments

The table below summarizes the target asset class weighting, along with the allowable ranges for each class.

Investment Type	Range/Target
Reserves	0% to 20%
Fixed Income	30% to 50%
Equity	50% to 70%

Funding Policy

The Plan requires active members to contribute to the System at the rate of 5.9% of covered compensation and the Town to contribute 8.7% of the members' covered compensation. Increases in the funding requirements, as determined by an actuary, shall be borne by the active members by adjusting the percent of the members' covered compensation to be contributed. As of June 30, 2016, plan assets at fair value totaled \$6,017,752.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

For 2016, the pension contribution was determined to be \$224,720. This contribution represents 9.6% of estimated payroll and reflects a 30-year amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability. The required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method.

Membership of the Plan

The membership consisted of the following as of July 1, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits

	19
Terminated Plan members entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	6
Active Plan members	56
	81

Actuarial Assumptions

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a standard building block approach. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic assumed rates of return for each class included in the pension plans' general target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Investment Type	% of Portfolio	Assumed Rate of Return
Equities:	65%	5.82%
Fixed Income:	32%	2.82%
Cash and Equivalents:	3%	0.72%
Total Weighted Average Real Return	100%	4.71%
Plus Inflation		3.00%
Total Return w/o Adjustment		7.71%
Risk Adjustment		-0.21%
Total Expected Return		7.50%

The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.0% and (c) rates of mortality, termination of service, disablement and retirement based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table. The actual contribution by the members was \$179,074. The Town's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$263,915. As of June 30, 2016, there were 58 current employee participants in the Plan. A participant is fully vested after five years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town of Bel Air, Maryland Civilian Employees Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is equal to the total pension liability minus the net position of the plan. The result as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 8,358,143
Net position	 (6,017,752)
Net pension liability	\$ 2,340,391

Net position as a percentage of total pension liability is 72%.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the plan, calculated using a discount rate of 7.5% as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1.0%	% decrease 6.50%	Cı	rrent rate 7.50%	1.0% increase 8.50%		
Net pension liability	\$	3,289,333	\$	2,340,391	\$	1,527,785	

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$228,186 for the Plan. As of June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan from the following sources:

	Deferred			eferred	
	0	utflows of	lı	nflows of	
	R	esources	Resources		
Differences between projected versus actual					
investment earnings	\$	475,751	\$	-	
Differences in actual verses expected experience				138,438	
Total	\$	475,751	\$	138,438	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town of Bel Air, Maryland Civilian Employees Pension Plan (Continued)

The above amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

	Net A	Net Amount of		
Year ended June 30,	Outfl	low/(Inflow)		
2017	\$	106,785		
2018		106,785		
2019		106,783		
2020		72,074		
2021		(20,830)		
After 2021		(34,284)		
Total	\$	337,313		

Town of Bel Air, Maryland Sworn Officers' Pension Plan

On July 1, 2003, the Town of Bel Air established the Town of Bel Air Sworn Officers' Pension Plan (Plan) which provides pension and death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. In accordance with the Town Code, subject to approval by the Town Commissioners, pension plan provisions may be established or amended. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Town of Bel Air. Responsibility for the administration and operation of the Plan is vested with a five member Board of Trustees.

The Plan does not issue a separate financial report, but is included in the accompanying financial statements as a pension trust fund.

The Town uses the accrual basis of accounting for the Plan. Investment income is recognized when it is earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred. Contributions are recognized when due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable under the terms of the Plan. The investments consist of publicly traded mutual funds and their fair value is determined by reference to published trade journals.

Funding Policy

The Plan requires active members to contribute to the System at the rate of 11.62% of covered compensation and the Town to contribute 9.7% of the members' covered compensation. Increases in the funding requirements, as determined by an actuary, shall be borne by the active members by adjusting the percent of the members' covered compensation to be contributed. As of June 30, 2016, plan assets at fair value totaled \$5,715,973.

For 2016, the pension contribution was determined to be \$165,647. This contribution represents 9.2% of estimated payroll and reflects a 30-year amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability. The required contribution was determined as part of the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town of Bel Air, Maryland Sworn Officers' Pension Plan (Continued)

Membership of the Plan

The membership consisted of the following as of July 1, 2015, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	11
Terminated Plan members entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	1
Active Plan members	31
	43

Actuarial Assumptions

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a standard building block approach. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic assumed rates of return for each class included in the pension plans' general target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Investment Type	% of Portfolio	Assumed Rate of Return
Equities:	65%	5.82%
Fixed Income:	32%	2.82%
Cash and Equivalents:	3%	0.72%
Total Weighted Average Real Return	100%	4.71%
Plus Inflation		3.00%
Total Return w/o Adjustment		7.71%
Risk Adjustment		-0.21%
Total Expected Return		7.50%

The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.0% and (c) rates of mortality, termination of service, disablement and retirement based on RP-2000 Combined Healthy Table. The actual contribution by the members was \$226,325. The Town's contribution for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$183,050. As of June 30, 2016, there were 31 current employee participants in the Plan. A participant is fully vested after five years.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town of Bel Air, Maryland Sworn Officers' Pension Plan (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability is equal to the total pension liability minus the net position of the plan. The result as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

Total pension liability	\$ 8,105,275
Net position	(5,715,973)
Net pension liability	\$ 2,389,302

Net position as a percentage of total pension liability is 70.5%.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the plan, calculated using a discount rate of 7.5% as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate:

	1.0% decrease 6.50%				1.0% increase 8.50%	
Net pension liability	\$	3,305,743	\$	2,389,302	\$	1,614,299

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town recognized pension expense of \$123,425 for the Plan. As of June 30, 2016, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of	Deferred Inflows of		
	R	esources	Resources		
Differences between projected versus actual investment earnings	\$	455,577	\$	-	
Differences in actual verses expected experience		46,154		-	
Total	\$	501,731	\$	-	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

Town of Bel Air, Maryland Sworn Officers' Pension Plan (Continued)

The above amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Plan will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

	Net A	Amount of
Year ended June 30,_	Outfl	ow/(Inflow)
2017	\$	132,813
2018		132,813
2019		132,811
2020		99,908
2021		10,691
After 2021		(7,305)
Total	\$	501,731

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

The financial information for each plan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, is summarized as follows:

	As of June 30, 2016						
		Civilian I (a) Plan		Civilian nsion Trust		Sworn Officers'	
ASSETS		(0)					
Cash and equivalents Investments:	\$	-	\$	230,347	\$	143,867	
Mutual funds Fiscal agents		- 330,066		5,793,810 -		5,577,964 -	
Total assets		330,066		6,024,157		5,721,831	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable				6,405		5,858	
NET POSITION							
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	330,066	\$	6,017,752	\$	5,715,973	
		For the	Year	Ended June	a 30 2016		
		101110	rear	Lilaca dalle	Sworn		
	_	Civilian		Civilian	Officers'		
	401	l (a) Plan	Per	nsion Trust	Pension Trust		
ADDITIONS Contributions							
Employer contributions	\$	_	\$	263,915	\$	183,050	
Employee contributions	Ψ	_	Ψ	179,074	Ψ	226,325	
Total contributions		-		442,989		409,375	
Investment loss:							
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		(5,240)		(16,141)		(13,096)	
Total additions		(5,240)		426,848		396,279	
DEDUCTIONS							
Benefit payments		29,993		329,122		407,470	
Contractual services				55,379		54,700	
Total deductions		29,993		384,501		462,170	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(35,233)		42,347		(65,891)	
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS:							
BEGINNING OF YEAR		365,299		5,975,405		5,781,864	
END OF YEAR	\$	330,066	\$	6,017,752	\$	5,715,973	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS (Continued)

457 Deferred Compensation Plan

The Town offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all government employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts (until paid or made available to the employee or other beneficiary) are held in trust, with the Town serving as trustee, for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants and their beneficiaries, and the assets cannot be diverted to any other purpose. The Town's benefit of the plan participants and their benefit of the plan participants and their benefitiaries.

Investments are managed by the plan's trustee under 1 of 32 investment options, or a combination thereof. The plan's investments are reported at fair value. The choice of the investment option is made by the participant. Management of the Town has determined that the Town does not meet the fiduciary requirements under GASB 32 and therefore has not included the financial statement of the 457 plan in the Town's financial statements.

NOTE 10 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

			Special					
	General		Revenue	Se	ewer	F	Parking	
	Fund		Fund	F	und		Fund	Total
Due from Other Funds: General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$	- \$	126,594	\$ 1,4	4,532	\$	112,176	\$ 1,721,181 4,532
Parking Fund Sewer Fund		- - <u> </u>	-	· <u></u>	2,459		-	2,459
Total	\$	- \$	126,594	\$ 1,4	189,402	\$	112,176	\$ 1,728,172
Due to Other Funds:								
Sewer Fund	\$ 1,482,411	\$	4,532	\$	-	\$	2,459	\$ 1,489,402
Parking Fund	112,176	6	-		-		-	112,176
General Fund		-	-		-		-	-
Special Revenue Fund	126,594	<u> </u>	-					126,594
Total	\$ 1,721,181	\$	4,532	\$		\$	2,459	\$ 1,728,172

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Town of Bel Air has instituted a program to provide health plan insurance to retired employees who are at least 55 years of age with at least 20 years of service. On July 1, 2009, the Town changed its benefit from a percentage of premium to a determined actual amount; however, the old benefit of a percentage of premium will remain in effect for those individuals who retired prior to January 1, 2009, which includes all of the retirees currently receiving the benefit. The premium amount paid by the Town is dependent upon the years of service by the retiree. The cost of the dependent care portion of the policy is born by the retiree unless he/she has at least 30 years of service. Participation in the program terminates at age 65. The Town recognizes the cost of the contribution in the year it is made. The total cost of the Plan to the Town for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$26,914 for the five retired employees participating in the Plan and receiving benefits.

In fiscal year 2016, the Town joined the Maryland Association of Counties (MACo) Pooled OPEB Trust (The Trust). The Trust is a wholly-owned instrumentality of its name members including the Town. The Trust was formed to facilitate the investments of other post retirement benefits trusts formed by the members to provide post retirement benefits to their respective retirees. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the Town contributed \$257,456 to the Trust. As of June 30, 2016, the Town's share of the net position of the Trust was \$262,700. A separately audited financial statements of the Trust may be obtained by sending a request to the following address: Board of the MACo Pooled Investment Trust, 169 Conduit Street, Annapolis, MD 21401.

Funding Policy

On December 7, 2015, the Board of Town Commissioners approved Resolution No. 1061-15 which authorized the Town becoming a member of the Maryland Association of Counties Pooled OPEB Trust Fund. The Trust was established on January 27, 2015 to facilitate the investments of Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) by the members to provide post-retirement benefits to their respective retirees.

Annual Costs and Net Obligations

In accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, the portion of the unfunded Annual Required Contribution, as determined by actuaries, had been recorded as an expense and is included in accrued liabilities on the Town's government wide financial statements.

		Actuarial Accrued				UAAL as a	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a/c)	
July 1, 2008	\$ -	\$ 722,588	\$ 722,588	0.00%	\$ 4,752,123	15.21%	
July 1, 2011	-	765,532	765,532	0.00%	4,624,518	16.55%	
July 1, 2014	-	824,285	824,285	0.00%	4,570,495	18.03%	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 11 – OTHER POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

The annual required contribution for the Other Post Employment Benefits is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Re	Annual Required Contribution		Actual htribution	Percentage Contributed		
2016	\$	62,149	\$	276,195	444.41%		
2015		62,149		26,914	43.31%		
2014		60,000		34,543	57.57%		
2013		60,000		27,216	45.36%		
2012		60,000		26,174	43.62%		
2011		60,000		17,735	29.56%		
2010		60,000		21,106	35.18%		

NOTE 12 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town's risk financing techniques include participation in a public entity pool and the purchase of commercial insurance.

For property, excess liability, primary auto and boiler and machinery liability coverage, the Town became a member of the Maryland Local Government Insurance Trust (LGIT). This trust is a public entity risk pool which is owned and directed by the local governments that subscribe to its coverage and operates under the terms of a Trust Agreement. The Town pays LGIT an annual premium. Claims are processed and recoveries and administrative costs are paid by LGIT. Similar to a commercial insurance carrier, recoveries are subject to deductibles and to annual aggregate/per occurrence dollar limits. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded coverage for the past three fiscal years, and there has not been a reduction in insurance coverage in the past fiscal year. The Town is fully insured for worker's compensation through the Injured Worker's Insurance Fund of Maryland. Employees are bonded through commercial insurance carriers to limit the loss to the Town in the event of employees committing acts of embezzlement or theft.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 13- SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE

As of June 30, 2016, the Special Revenue Fund was designated for the following purposes:

Governmental Funds Nonspendable: Explorer Scouts Auxillary Police Total Nonspendable	\$ 9,603 139	- \$	9,742
Restricted: Community Legacy Grant Seized prooperty-Federal Treasury Seized property-Federal Justice Total Restricted	 50,000 10,008 955	_	60,963
Committed: Tree planting – fee in lieu Tree planting – forest conservation Revolving loan fund Seized property Open space fee in lieu Stormwater management - fee in lieu Total Committed	1,347 6,610 73,731 8,858 8,450 32,912	-	131,908
Assigned: Public amenity – gardens/park/art Memorials Cultural arts Explorer scouts Auxiliary police Total Assigned	34,831 406 13,225 5,817 13,240	-	67,519
Total fund balance		\$	270,132

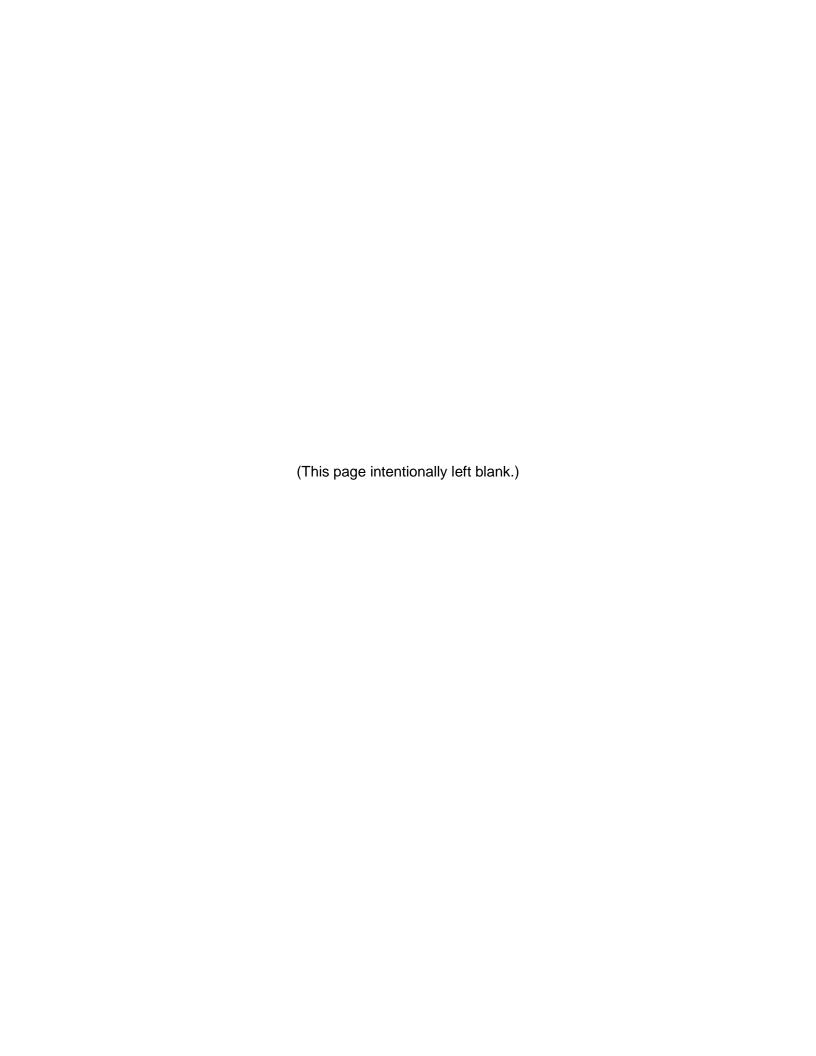
Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

NOTE 14 - RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Town's pension plans invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment of securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Town receives grants from time to time. Expenditures from certain grants are subject to audit by the grantor, and the Town is contingently liable to refund amounts received in excess of allowable expenditures. In the opinion of the Town's management, no material refunds will be required as a result of disallowed expenditures.





Schedule of Funding Progress and Contribution- OPEB June 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actu Valu Ass (a	e of	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b-a/c)
July 1, 2008	\$	-	\$ 722,588	\$ 722,588	0.00%	\$ 4,752,123	15.21%
July 1, 2011		-	765,532	765,532	0.00%	4,624,518	16.55%
July 1, 2014		-	824,285	824,285	0.00%	4,570,495	18.03%

Year Ended June	Re	Annual equired atribution	Actual atribution	Percentage Contributed			
2016	\$	62,149	\$ 276,195	444.41%			
2015		62,149	26,914	43.31%			
2014		60,000	34,543	57.57%			
2013		60,000	27,216	45.36%			
2012		60,000	26,174	43.62%			
2011		60,000	17,735	29.56%			

Schedule of Changes in Pension Fund Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2016

Civilian			
	2016	2015	2014
Total pension liability			
Service Cost: Retirement benefits Administration	\$ 241,040	\$ 226,439	\$ 231,098
Interest	594,815	554,161	539,426
Differences between expected and actual experiences	80,719	(274,272)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions, death, & terminations	(329, 122)	(338,437)	(253,354)
Net changes in total pension liability	587,452	167,891	517,170
Total pension liability - beginning	7,770,691	7,602,800	7,085,630
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 8,358,143	\$ 7,770,691	\$ 7,602,800
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 263,915	\$ 248,724	\$ 254,690
Contributions - member	179,074	168,370	137,625
Net investment income	(16,141)	250,391	823,039
Receipts of In-kind	-	-	, -
Benefit payments, including refuds of member contributions	(329, 122)	(338,437)	(253,354)
Administrative expense	(55,379)	(39,481)	(39,113)
Net changes in plan fiduciary net position	42,347	289,567	922,887
Plan fiduciary net positions - beginning	5,975,405	5,685,838	4,762,951
Plan fiduciary net positions - ending (b)	\$ 6,017,752	\$ 5,975,405	\$ 5,685,838
Town's net pension - liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,340,391	\$ 1,795,286	\$ 1,916,962
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	72.00%	76.90%	74.79%
Covered employee payroll	\$ 2,739,570	\$ 2,634,202	\$ 2,495,671
Net liability as a percentage of covered payroll	85.43%	68.15%	76.81%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	-0.30%	4.40%	17.20%

Notes to schedule:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in Pension Fund Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2016

Sworn Officers						
	2016			2015		2014
Total pension liability						
Service Cost: Retirement benefits Administration	\$	166,468	\$	148,752	\$	142,101
Interest		579,955		545,503		522,365
Differences between expected and actual experiences		107,963		(58,419)		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions,						
death, & terminations		(407,470)		(315,333)		(293,451)
Net changes in total pension liability		446,916		320,503		371,015
Total pension liability - beginning		7,658,359		7,337,856		6,966,841
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	8,105,275	\$	7,658,359	\$	7,337,856
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions - employer	\$	183,050	\$	179,762	\$	171,769
Contributions - member		226,325		222,234		190,035
Net investment income		(13,096)		246,899		800,388
Reciepts of In-kind		-		-		-
Benefit payments, including refuds of member contributions		(407,470)		(315,333)		(293,451)
Administrative expense		(54,700)		(37,215)		(37,599)
Net changes in plan fiduciary net position		(65,891)		296,347		831,142
Plan fiduciary net positions - beginning		5,781,864		5,485,517		4,654,375
Plan fiduciary net positions - ending (b)	\$	5,715,973	\$	5,781,864	\$	5,485,517
Town's net pension - liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	2,389,302	\$	1,876,495	\$	1,852,339
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		70.52%		75.50%		74.76%
Covered employee payroll	\$	1,988,860	\$	1,912,365	\$	1,396,968
Net liability as a percentage of covered payroll		120.13%		98.12%		132.60%
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense		-0.20%		4.50%		17.20%

Notes to schedule:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Civilian Employees Pension Plan Employer Contributions June 30, 2016

	2016		2015		2014	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	224,720	\$	221,424	\$	318,255
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contributions deficiency (excess)	\$	(263,915) (39,195)	\$	(248,724)	\$	(254,426) 63,829
Covered employee payroll	\$	2,739,570	\$	2,634,202	\$	2,495,671
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		9.63%		9.44%		10.19%

Notes to schedule Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of July 1, 2015, 12 months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determin contribution rates:

Investment return 7.50%

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for Males and Females

Turnover T4

Salary Scale 4.0% increases per year

Valuation of Assets Market value as reported by the plan

administrator, adjusted by a fraction of the investment (gains)/losses for the plan years preceding the current valuation year. Actuarial value can not exceed 120% of actual market value or be less

than 80%.

Notes to schedule:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Sworn Officers Pension Plan Employer Contributions June 30, 2016

	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 165,647	\$ 167,259	\$ 215,712
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions Contributions deficiency (excess)	(183,050) \$ (17,403)	(179,762) \$ (12,503)	(171,769) \$ 43,943
Covered employee payroll	\$ 1,988,860	\$ 1,912,365	\$ 1,396,968
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	9.20%	9.40%	12.30%

Notes to schedule Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contributions rates are calculated as of July 1, 2015, 12 months prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported

Methods and assumptions used to determin contribution rates:

Investment return 7.50%

Mortality RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table for Males and Females

Turnover T4

Salary Scale 4.0% increases per year

Valuation of Assets Market value as reported by the plan

administrator, adjusted by a fraction of the investment (gains)/losses for the plan years preceding the current valuation year. Actuarial value can not exceed 120% of actual market value or be less

than 80%.

Notes to schedule:

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available



Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalents - General Fund June 30, 2016

UNRESTRICTED	
M&T Bank	
Checking	\$ (65,896)
Payroll	1,000
Harco Maryland Federal Credit Union	
Savings	6
Money market	242,669
Aberdeen Proving Grounds Credit Union	
Money market	5
PeoplesBank	
Money market	1,574
SunTrust Bank	
Money market	245,199
Wells Fargo	
Money market	71,959
Freedom Federal Credit Union	
Money market	1,370
Change fund	1,450
PNC Bank	
Local government investment pool	 2,383,607
TOTAL UNRESTRICTED CASH	\$ 2,882,943
RESTRICTED	
BB&T Bank	
Turner escrow	\$ 1,279
Harford Bank	
Savings	7,338
PNC Bank	
Local Government Investment Pool - 612 Rockspring Road	 4,858
TOTAL RESTRICTED CASH	\$ 13,475

	Original			Variance Positive
	Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
REVENUES				
Taxes - Local	Ф 0.700.00E	ф c 750 ось	Ф C 700 000	Ф 4.004
Real property	\$ 6,728,065	\$ 6,758,065	\$ 6,762,266	\$ 4,201
Half-year real property	3,156	3,156	4,631	1,475
Personal property	8,000	8,000	6,828	(1,172)
Railroads and public utilities	360,000	360,000	365,685	5,685
Ordinary business corporations	530,000	500,000	528,761	28,761
Penalties and interest	35,000	35,000	29,094	(5,906)
<u>Deductions</u>				
Discounts allowed on taxes	(50,000)	(50,000)	(53,218)	(3,218)
Net local taxes	7,614,221	7,614,221	7,644,047	29,826
Taxes - State Shared				
Highway	385,439	398,939	399,633	694
Income taxes	1,401,000	1,481,524	1,590,789	109,265
Admission and amusement	40,000	40,000	33,976	(6,024)
Total taxes - state shared	1,826,439	1,920,463	2,024,398	103,935
Licenses and Permits				
<u>Business</u>				
Beer, wine and liquor	5,000	5,000	7,235	2,235
Traders	66,500	66,500	66,077	(423)
Other Licenses and Permits				
Building and equipment	27,000	27,000	31,815	4,815
Total - licenses and permits	98,500	98,500	105,127	6,627
Revenue from Other Agencies				
Grants from State Government				
Police protection	231,341	231,341	222,859	(8,482)
FEMA Grant	=	88,462	88,462	-
Grants from the Federal Government				
Bulletproof vest grant	1,446	1,446	(2,838)	(4,284)
Grants from County Government				
Financial corporations	8,458	8,458	8,458	-
Tax rebate	1,098,635	1,098,635	1,098,635	-
Traffic grants	25,000	18,000	17,503	(497)
Total - revenue from other agencies	1,364,880	1,446,342	1,433,079	(13,263)
Service Charges for Current Services				
General Government				
MAWC well fees	16,000	16,000	14,972	(1,028)
Bel Air Reckord Armory fees	70,000	70,000	63,974	(6,026)
Finance fees	19,000	19,000	17,801	(1,199)
Zoning and subdivision fees	12,000	12,000	12,547	547

		Original Budget	Fin	nal Budget		Actual	F	ariance Positive egative)
REVENUES (continued)		Duuget		iai buuget		Actual		egative
Service Charges for Current Services (continued)								
General Government (Continued)								
Maps and publication fees	\$	100	\$	100	\$	4	\$	(96)
MD homebuilder guarantee fund	Ψ	1,020	Ψ	1,020	Ψ	400	Ψ	(620)
Sanitation and Waste Removal		.,020		.,020				(020)
Sewer fund administrative fee		252,445		252,445		248,185		(4,260)
Public Service Enterprises		,		,		•		, ,
Parking fund administrative fee		258,440		258,440		237,467		(20,973)
Reimbursement for police services		30,600		23,600		22,545		(1,055)
Police reports		1,200		1,200		1,052		(148)
Total - service charges for current services	•	660,805		653,805		618,947		(34,858)
Fines								
Traffic signal camera		367,500		367,500		384,146		16,646
False alarm		6,000		6,000		8,035		2,035
Total - fines		373,500		373,500		392,181		18,681
Miscellaneous								
Interest		18,000		18,000		31,660		13,660
Hearing and ad reimbursement		500		500		1,264		764
Cable TV franchise		160,000		160,000		165,237		5,237
Police and DPW overtime reimbursement		10,500		17,500		21,423		3,923
Rental income - Tenant house		650		650		546		(104)
Seized property		2,000		2,000		2,020		20
Equipment/vehicle sale proceeds		79,100		84,100		86,712		2,612
Miscellaneous		10,000		71,961		71,787		(174)
Total - miscellaneous		280,750		354,711		380,649		25,938
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 1	2,219,095	\$ 1	2,461,542	\$ 1	2,598,428	\$	136,886
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
<u>Legislative</u>								
Commissioners								
Salaries	\$	25,200	\$	25,200	\$	25,200	\$	-
Operating expenses		17,450		17,450		17,114		336
Town Clerk								
Salaries		251,497		261,497		262,683		(1,186)
Operating expenses		46,320		48,920		37,937		10,983
<u>Executive</u>								
Town Administrator								
Salaries		109,919		109,919		110,898		(979)
Operating expenses		29,396		29,396		26,526		2,870
Transfer to Capital Reserve		30,000		30,000		-		30,000
<u>Elections</u>								
Registration and Election								
Operating expenses		2,956		2,956		3,109		(153)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)	Buuget	- Filiai Buuget	Actual	(Negative)
General Government (continued)				
Finance				
Salaries	\$ 239,493	\$ 239,493	\$ 239,289	\$ 204
Operating expenses	25,853	25,853	24,040	1,813
GASB pension review	8,000	8,000	9,730	(1,730)
Independent auditing	17,486	17,486	17,486	-
<u>Law</u>				
Legal Counsel				
Operating expenses	45,000	45,000	24,212	20,788
Planning and Zoning	-,	-,	,	-,
Salaries	242,338	242,338	247,953	(5,615)
Operating expenses	61,562	61,562	55,875	5,687
Traffic Study Rt. 1/Rt. 24	11,000	11,000	11,000	-
Economic Development	,	,	,	
Salaries	239,415	239,415	217,734	21,681
Operating expenses	91,560	66,560	79,103	(12,543)
Armory Marketplace		50,866	50,866	(,0.0)
General Services		,	,	
Municipal Buildings				
Salaries	35,032	35,032	34,288	744
Operating expenses	191,705	195,505	215,072	(19,567)
Capital outlay	122,925	122,925	102,105	20,820
Bel Air Reckord Armory	122,323	122,323	102,103	20,020
Salaries	48,625	48,625	46,356	2,269
Operating expenses	87,686	94,086	90,945	3,141
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000	25,000	3,141
Other General Government	23,000	23,000	25,000	_
Community Promotion	8,400	9.400	9,425	(1.025)
Operating expenses Public Officers' Association	6,400	8,400	9,425	(1,025)
	17.040	17.040	17.040	
Operating expenses	17,243	17,243	17,243	-
Technology	4.47.007	4.47.007	407.005	40.050
Operating expenses	147,887	147,887	107,035	40,852
Capital outlay	87,083	87,083	55,170	31,913
Total - general government	2,266,031	2,314,697	2,163,394	151,303
Public Safety				
Administrative, Patrol and Investigation				
Salaries	3,000,151	3,031,631	2,999,905	31,726
Operating expenses	328,895	349,856	328,717	21,139
Capital outlay	99,913	99,913	99,336	577
Traffic Safety				
Red light camera program	168,147	176,647	173,535	3,112

		Original	_			•	P	ariance ositive
EXPENDITURES (continued)		Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	(N	egative)
Public Safety (continued)								
Fire Department								
•	\$	153,960	\$	153,960	\$	153,960	\$	
Volunteer Company Contribution Protective Inspection	Ф	155,960	Φ	155,960	Φ	155,960	Φ	-
Other:								
		29 700		29 700		20.260		440
Hydrant rental	-	38,709	-	38,709	_	38,269	-	56,994
Total - public safety Public Works		3,769,773		3,030,710		3,193,122		30,994
General Administration		504.000		504.000		500 500		(7.707)
Salaries		524,803		524,803		532,530		(7,727)
Operating expenses		102,135		102,135		106,057		(3,922)
Capital outlay		104,500		184,500		179,766		4,734
Highways and Streets								
Streets, Roadways and Alleys								
Salaries		461,537		491,789		432,032		59,757
Operating expenses		230,115		261,881		319,476		(57,595)
Sidewalk, curb and street construction		370,000		336,384		307,108		29,276
Capital outlay		160,000		233,974		237,239		(3,265)
Street Lighting								
Operating expenses		167,000		167,000		164,667		2,333
Sanitation and Waste Removal								
Waste Collection and Disposal								
Salaries		411,588		411,588		446,967		(35,379)
Operating expenses		163,250		163,250		164,471		(1,221)
Capital outlay		95,000		95,000		90,368		4,632
Shop								
Salaries		170,066		170,066		171,569		(1,503)
Operating expenses		171,825		190,789		154,455		36,334
Total - public works		3,131,819		3,333,159		3,306,705		26,454
Recreation and Parks								
Participation Recreation								
Operating expenses		110,900		110,900		110,900		-
A & B Committee								
Operating expenses		38,300		38,300		34,425		3,875
Cultural Arts Committee		•				•		·
Operating expenses		8,350		8,350		8,222		128
Total - recreation and parks	-	157,550		157,550		153,547	-	4,003
Miscellaneous								
		15 000		15 000		15 107		602
Disability insurance		15,800		15,800		15,107		693
Hospital insurance		1,057,195		1,019,895		1,034,865		(14,970)
Optical and dental plan		29,300		29,300		27,752		1,548
Social security		454,700		434,700		443,763		(9,063)
Life insurance		22,500		22,500		21,877		623
Pension and deferred compensation								

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES (continued)				
Miscellaneous (continued)				
OPEB	\$ 60,000	\$ 60,000	\$ 66,618	\$ (6,618)
Workmen's compensation	294,800	274,800	269,197	5,603
Unemployment claims	200	200	5,380	(5,180)
General insurance	90,000	98,000	95,353	2,647
Contingency	8,000	12,800	9,620	3,180
Debt service	499,238	446,124	445,888	236
Contributions/donations	9,150	9,150	5,850	3,300
Miscellaneous	53,345	53,345	45,885	7,460
Total - miscellaneous	3,097,428	2,975,814	2,981,739	(5,925)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 12,442,603	\$ 12,631,936	\$ 12,399,107	\$ 232,829
	SUMMARY			
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 12,219,095	\$ 12,461,542	\$ 12,598,428	\$ 136,886
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	12,442,603	12,631,936	12,399,107	232,829
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (223,508)	\$ (170,394)	\$ 199,321	\$ 369,715

	Original Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES				
Revenue from Other Agencies				
CDBG grant	\$ 152,47		\$ 98,700	\$ (53,774)
Community Legacy grant	425,00		246,192	(178,808)
Total - revenue from other agencies	577,47	74 577,474	344,892	(232,582)
Miscellaneous				
Christmas parade	10	00 100	-	(100)
Historic preservation	2,40	2,400	1,706	(694)
Tree planting - forest conservation	2,00		-	(2,000)
Tree planting - fee in lieu	1,00	1,000	-	(1,000)
Stormwater management fee in lieu	18,00	00 18,000	-	(18,000)
Open space fee in lieu	2,00	2,000	-	(2,000)
Public amenity - gardens, parks, and art	5,00	5,000	-	(5,000)
Memorials	50		610	110
Transfer from General Fund seized property	10,00	10,000	-	(10,000)
Seized property-Federal Justice			3	3
Seized property-Federal Treasury			11,508	11,508
Explorer scouts	5,00	5,000	13,966	8,966
Auxiliary police	2,50	00 2,500	1,020	(1,480)
Cultural arts project	1,00	00 1,000	6,988	5,988
Revolving loan fund	1,50	00 1,500	505	(995)
Total - miscellaneous	51,00		36,306	(14,694)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 628,47	\$ 628,474	\$ 381,198	\$ (247,276)
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Historic preservation	\$ 2,40	· ·	\$ 1,925	\$ 475
Revolving loan fund	1,50	•		1,500
Community Legacy grant	425,00		246,235	178,765
Total - general government	428,90	00 428,900	248,160	180,740
Public Safety				
Seized property-internal	10,00	10,000	-	10,000
Seized property-Federal Justice			2,694	
Seized property-Federal Treasury			1,500	
Auxiliary police	2,50		1,783	717
Total - public safety	12,50	12,500	5,977	10,717

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES (Continued)				
Public Works				
CDBG	\$ 152,474	\$ 152,474	\$ 98,700	\$ 53,774
Stormwater management - fee in lieu	18,000	18,000	14,116	3,884
Total - public works	170,474	170,474	112,816	57,658
Recreation and Parks				
Tree planting - forest conservation	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Tree planting - fee in lieu	1,000	1,000	-	1,000
Explorer Scouts	5,000	5,000	5,452	(452)
Cultural arts project	1,000	1,000	5,651	(4,651)
Open space fee in lieu	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Public amenity - gardens, parks and art	5,000	5,000	150	4,850
Memorials	500	500	203	297
Christmas parade	100	100		100
Total - recreation and parks	16,600	16,600	11,456	5,144
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 628,474	\$ 628,474	\$ 378,409	\$ 254,259
	Summary			
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 628,474	\$ 628,474	\$ 381,198	\$ (247,276)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	628,474	628,474	378,409	254,259
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,789	\$ 6,983

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Compared to Budget Parking Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		ariance ositive egative)
OPERATING REVENUES					<u> </u>
Revenues from Other Agencies					
FEMA Grant Elevator Repair	\$	- \$	3,750	\$	3,750
Service Charges for Current Services					
Highways and Streets					
Meter collections	172,3	00	180,187		7,887
Lease fees	66,9	00	66,742		(158)
Fines and Forfeitures					
Parking	93,3	50	110,842		17,492
Miscellaneous					
County share operating expenses and capital repairs Miscellaneous	102,6	25 -	108,146 515		5,521 515
Total - operating revenues	435,1	75	470,182		35,007
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Miscellaneous					
Compensated absences		-	1,441		(1,441)
Postage	1,5	51	1,517		34
Miscellaneous	3,0	20	2,152		868
Parking fine charges	20,3	50	23,873		(3,523)
Depreciation	123,6	51	125,761		(2,110)
Lots and Meters					
Transfer to general fund - administrative costs	190,0	16	168,718		21,298
Maintenance	3,0	00	1,687		1,313
Operating expenses	6,4	74	1,206		5,268
Parking Garage					
Transfer to general fund - administrative costs	68,4	24	68,749		(325)
Operating expenses	46,8	63	58,594		(11,731)
Insurance	14,8	29	16,566		(1,737)
Maintenance	7,6	00	6,302		1,298
Capital repairs	15,0	00	<u>-</u>		15,000
Total - operating expenses	500,7	78	476,566		24,212
Operating income (loss)	(65,6	03)	(6,384)		59,219
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Interest income - investment		10	10		-
Interest expense - parking garage renovations	(3,8	18)	(3,818)		-
- parking jeep	(4	16)	(416)		-
- parking garage	(10,1	97)	(10,197)		
Total - non-operating expenses	(14,4	21)	(14,421)		-
NET INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (80,0	24) \$	(20,805)	\$	59,219

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures Compared to Budget Sewer Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES	Tillal Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Service Charges for Current Services			
Sanitation and Waste Removal			
Sewerage charges	2,338,297	2,415,383	77,086
Sewer connection charges	50,000	121,540	71,540
Other revenues	20,900	29,310	8,410
User benefit fees	33,565	34,230	665
G 5 5 5 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1 5 1	2,442,762	2,600,463	157,701
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries - direct and on call time	118,901	119,896	(995)
- overtime	27,000	29,585	(2,585)
Compensated absences	-	5,650	(5,650)
Contractual services	1,621,477	1,622,309	(832)
Amortization	24,248	24,248	-
Supplies	2,750	2,681	69
Utilities	12,300	14,704	(2,404)
Misc Utility fees	3,000	2,482	518
Depreciation	73,600	72,825	775
Maintenance	38,000	18,518	19,482
Connection costs	50,000	121,540	(71,540)
Water company charges	2,150	2,196	(46)
Contingency	22,000	27,804	(5,804)
Transfer to general fund - administrative costs	252,445	248,185	4,260
User benefit fee	33,565	34,230	(665)
Root control maintenance	35,000	34,523	477
Main and lateral repairs	25,000	18,372	6,628
Insurance	12,000	13,394	(1,394)
Transfer to SSCI reserve	40,000	-	40,000
Sustainability	13,000	12,665	335
I&I Projects	-	66,561	(66,561)
Miscellaneous	2,774	2,615	159
Total - operating expenses	2,409,210	2,494,983	(85,773)
Operating income	33,552	105,480	71,928
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest income - investment	1,666	2,794	1,128
Non-operating expense - interest	(35,218)	(32,581)	2,637
Total non-operating expenses	(33,552)	(29,787)	3,765
NET INCOME	\$ -	\$ 75,693	\$ 75,693

